Race Lagoon Tributaries Crossing Race Road Fish Passage Culvert Replacement for Culverts 1893 and 1894; RCO 22-1089

Basis of Design, Hydraulics, HECRAS Analysis Report
Preliminary Design Complete Revisions

2-14-2024



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The technical material and data contained in this report were prepared under the supervision and direction of the undersigned, whose seal as a professional engineer licensed to practice as such in the State of Washington, are affixed below.



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1. Introduction

Purpose of the Basis of Design Report

This Basis of Design Report, BOD Report, is prepared and revised to set the goals for the restoration of fish passage at the subject site. It presents solutions for the Race Lagoon Crossings.

Purpose of the BOD Report: The BOD Report serves as a critical document that outlines the foundational principles and objectives for the restoration of fish passage at the project site. It essentially sets the goals and guidelines for the entire project.

Development Phases: The BOD Report is prepared and revised at several key phases of the project, including the 30% and 60% design completion phase. At the 60% design completion phase, the report presents final solutions for addressing the road crossing fish passage issue, which is the key aspect of ensuring fish passage.

Iterative Nature: The report is described as "iterative," meaning that it evolves and is updated throughout the project's lifecycle. This is because, as the project progresses through different phases like Preliminary Design, Final Design, and As Built Record, new information becomes available, and adjustments may be needed to achieve the project's goals effectively.

Preliminary Design: During the Preliminary Design phase, the report undergoes further refinement as more detailed information is gathered and analyzed for the preferred solution. This phase often involves the development of more concrete plans and specifications.

Final Design: In the Final Design phase, the report is finalized with specific engineering details, construction plans, and materials specified. It ensures that the project is ready for implementation.

As Built Record: After the project is constructed, the BOD Report continues to be relevant during the As Built Record phase. Any changes or variations from the original design are documented here, providing a historical record of what was actually built.

In summary, the BOD Report is a dynamic and essential document that guides the restoration of fish passage at the project site. It outlines project goals, presents various design concepts, and evolves through multiple phases of the project, from initial planning to final construction, to ensure that the objectives are met effectively and that changes are documented for future reference.

This basis of design report has been revised to the Preliminary Design submittal phase.

Project Goals

The Skagit Fisheries Enhancement Group and Island County Public Works are working to replace two fish barrier culverts, culvert 1893 and 1894, under Race Road near Coupeville, WA and a private crossing immediately downstream of Culvert #1894.

Removal of these fish passage barriers will open up critical rearing habitat for juvenile salmonids including ESA-listed Threatened Chinook as well as pink, coho, and chum salmon. These two coastal streams drain to Race Lagoon which has been identified as important pocket estuary habitat for out-migrating salmon from the Skagit, Stillaguamish, and Snohomish Rivers. Pocket estuaries and small coastal streams such as these provide important feeding, resting, and refuge habitat as juvenile salmon transition from freshwater to saltwater habitat.

These culverts were identified during the Culvert Prioritization Inventory conducted by SFEG and Island County during which time a Chinook smolt was found in the stream above culvert #1893. In addition, SFEG has been working with local landowners who are open to additional wetland and riparian restoration upstream of these culverts as a future project. This grant would fund the design of two fish passable structures at culverts 1893 and 1894, and the design of a small bridge crossing and channel meander immediately downstream of culvert 1894 to enhance fish passage. Fish passage barrier removal is one of the most rapid and cost-effective ways of increasing the amount of accessible habitat for salmon. Alternatively, the small private culvert crossing may be removed, the stream restored at that location, and an alternative access from Race Road property will be considered.

Excerpted from project goals on PRISM.

Site Description

The site is located on the eastern side of Whidbey Island in Island County, Washington. Race Road travels across two small ephemeral tributaries to Race Lagoon adjacent to Saratoga Passage in the Salish Sea. The pocket lagoon has been identified as a primary location for refuge and rearing habitat for Chinook salmon.

Race Road at this site runs east and west. The 2 culverts are approximately 500 feet apart from each other are oriented in opposite skewed orientations to the road.

Each culvert is a corroded corrugated metal pipe formed from galvanized steel. The

West culvert, 1893, is deformed and approximately 30 inches in diameter. The east culvert, 1894, is corroded and 24 inches in diameter.

Both culverts are partial barriers to fish passage. A small amount of bed material has Elevation.

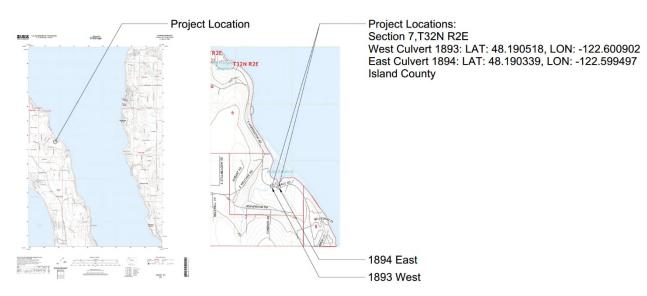


Figure 1 Vicinity map.



Figure 2 Race Lagoon estuary below Culvert West 1893.



Figure 3 The inlet of the Eastern culvert looking downstream.



Figure 4 The inlet of the Western culvert looking downstream.



Figure 5 The outlet of the Western culvert.

Hydrology and Hydraulics

2. Hydrology and Hydraulics

The initial design of the subject culverts is based on the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife, WDFW, stream simulation conceptual geometry with a hydraulic design verification.

The BFW dimensions in this reach are as shown in the simple calculator following in the figure below which calculates a draft proposed culvert size or bridge span based on the stream width and using initially the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife stream simulation and the side slopes beneath a bridge.

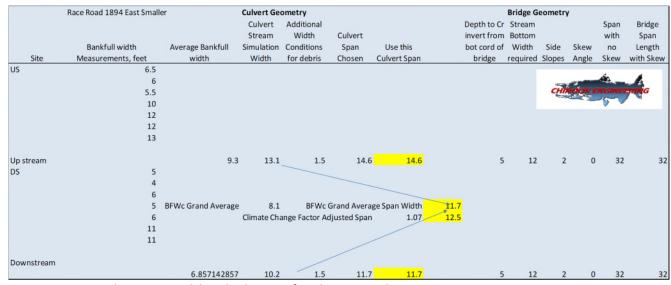


Figure 6 Preliminary width calculations for the east culvert.

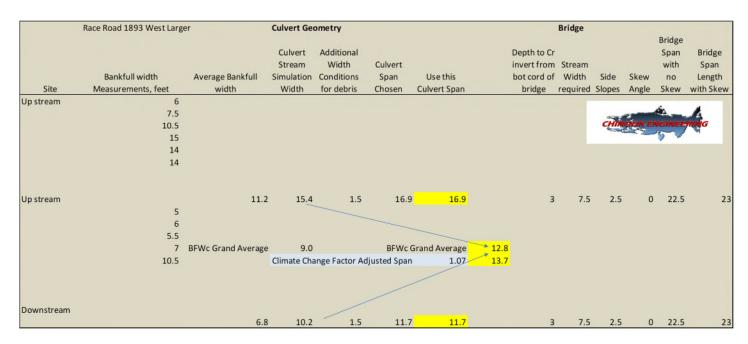


Figure 7 Preliminary width calculations for the West culvert.

Given the geometry proposed, and including later described adjustments for climate change in the year 2080, the calculated culvert spans for the Eastern culvert and the Western culvert are 12.5 feet and 14 feet respectively.

Hydrology at the two stream crossings

The following section describes the hydrology of the subject reach and is based on the work by , Mastin, M.C., 2016, etal for ungaged catchments in Washington using regression analysis. In addition basin characteristics were delineated and reported using the USGS Streamstats on line software for that purpose, Version 4..

Due to unforeseen changes in the flow rates in the upper areas of the watershed upstream and required climate change scenarios from WDFW, the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife document, WDFW, Incorporating Climate Change into the Design of Water Crossing Structures, 2016, the design flow rate value is calculated to be Q design with climate change 100 year event equal to Qd100cc East = 7.5 cfs and the Qd100 cc West = 14 cfs.

See the Hydrology section in the appendix for details.

Established Culvert Width

The USGS Stream Stats program referenced above estimates an average bankfull channel width of 8.0' and 10.5' respectively for culverts east and west, 1894 and 1893, (but notes that the parameters are outside of the suggested range and were extrapolated).

Then by using the WDFW Climate Change Model for channel width recommends an 7 percent increase in channel width for the 2080 timeframe at the site which increases the width to 8.56 feet and 11.2 feet respectively for the two culverts. During preliminary design for stream simulation methods this will require a culvert span of approximately 12.5' and 14'.

During the final design phase, a refined measurement and determination of the bank full width shall be completed. However, currently design is proceeding with these dimensions, and the preliminary design drawings reflect that.

The culvert material has been chosen as a concrete box culvert. The concrete sections will contain keyways and weldments and be placed on a compacted subgrade of gravel, and the stream simulation streambed will be constructed within the upturned U shaped precast concrete sections, upon completion of the stream bed construction the concrete traffic lids will be placed on the top, and the road fill will be compacted around the structure. After that the road will be constructed and replaced with asphalt surfacing.

Pebble Count at Site Reach

The following figure describes the pebble count sizing for the reachs at the two Race Lagoon tributary crossings. This pebble count describes the stream bed characteristics along a stream profile of approximately 600 lineal feet and was determined during the survey of the stream reach.

Size (mm)	TOT#	ITEM %	CUM %	
0 - 0.062	0	0.00	0.00	
0.062 - 0.125	0	0.00	0.00	
0.125 - 0.25	10	9.17	9.17	US Culvert 1893
0.25 - 0.50	10	9.17	18.35	
0.50 - 1.0	10	9.17	27.52	
1.0 - 2.0	15	13.76	41.28	
2.0 - 4.0	10	9.17	50.46	Particle Size Analysis
4.0 - 5.7	15	13.76	64.22	r article Size Arialysis
5.7 - 8.0	10	9.17	73.39	D16 (mm) 0.44
8.0 - 11.3	10	9.17	82.57	D35 (mm) 1.54
11.3 - 16.0	8	7.34	89.91	D50 (mm) 3.9
16.0 - 22.6	5	4.59	94.50	D84 (mm) 12.22
22.6 - 32.0	2	1.83	96.33	D95 (mm) 25.17
32 - 45	2	1.83	98.17	D100 (mm) 64
45 - 64	2	1.83	100.00	Silt/Clay (%) 0
64 - 90	0	0.00	100.00	Sand (%) 41.28
90 - 128	0	0.00	100.00	Gravel (%) 58.72
128 - 180	0	0.00	100.00	Cobble (%) 0
180 - 256	0	0.00	100.00	Boulder (%) 0
256 - 362	0	0.00	100.00	Bedrock (%) 0
362 - 512	0	0.00	100.00	Total Particles = 109
512 - 1024	0	0.00	100.00	Total Fatticles = 103
1024 - 2048	0	0.00	100.00	D50 3.9 mm
Bedrock	0	0.00	100.00	

Figure 8 Race Lagoon Tributary 1893, pebble count data at the road crossing site showing the D5, D15, D84, D95 % finer diameters. This clearly shows a clayey silt base to the stream bed with fine gravel present locally in the riffle reaches.

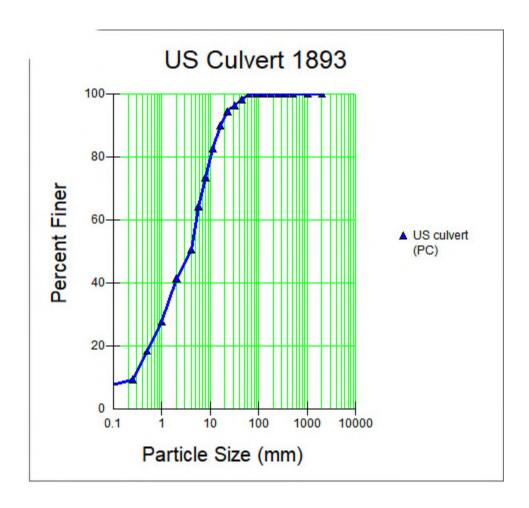


Figure 9 Race Lagoon Tributary 1893, sediment distribution curve at the road crossing site. Showing the clayey silt base to the stream bed.

Size (mm)	TOT#	ITEM %	CUM %	
0 - 0.062	0	0.00	0.00	
0.062 - 0.125	0	0.00	0.00	
0.125 - 0.25	5	5.81	5.81	US Culvert 1894
0.25 - 0.50	5	5.81	11.63	
0.50 - 1.0	10	11.63	23.26	
1.0 - 2.0	15	17.44	40.70	
2.0 - 4.0	15	17.44	58.14	Particle Size Analysis
4.0 - 5.7	10	11.63	69.77	i aiticle Size Ailaiysis
5.7 - 8.0	11	12.79	82.56	D16 (mm) 0.69
8.0 - 11.3	5	5.81	88.37	D35 (mm) 1.67
11.3 - 16.0	5	5.81	94.19	D50 (mm) 3.07
16.0 - 22.6	2	2.33	96.51	D84 (mm) 8.82
22.6 - 32.0	2	2.33	98.84	D95 (mm) 18.3
32 - 45	1	1.16	100.00	D100 (mm) 45
45 - 64	0	0.00	100.00	Silt/Clay (%) 0
64 - 90	0	0.00	100.00	Sand (%) 40.7
90 - 128	0	0.00	100.00	Gravel (%) 59.3
128 - 180	0	0.00	100.00	Cobble (%) 0
180 - 256	0	0.00	100.00	Boulder (%) 0
256 - 362	0	0.00	100.00	Bedrock (%) 0
362 - 512	0	0.00	100.00	Takal Davidas 00
512 - 1024	0	0.00	100.00	Total Particles = 86
1024 - 2048	0	0.00	100.00	D50 3.07 mm
Bedrock	0	0.00	100.00	

Figure 10 Race Lagoon Tributary 1894 East, pebble count data at the road crossing site showing the D5, D15, D84, D95 % finer diameters. This clearly shows a clayey silt base to the stream bed.

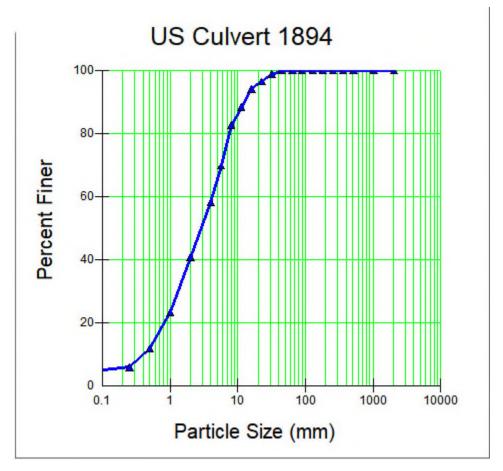


Figure 11 Race Lagoon Tributary 1894, sediment distribution curve at the road crossing site. Showing the clayey silt base to the stream bed.

3. Hydraulic Modeling for the crossing sites

Preliminary design hydraulic modeling was performed for the design of the stream crossings with an assumed low flow channel constructed in the stream simulation streambed of each culvert. A one-dimensional HEC-RAS model was prepared for this cross section and used to determine the water surface elevations, water velocities, Froude number, and stream energy values for tractive force evaluations and scour depths.

Flow contraction at the cross section as shown is not present due to the constructed size of the 2 culverts at the 2 tributaries.

Channel bed widths have been established in preliminary design initially by the WDFW stream simulation method established for culvert crossings. The bed width is established at 14' and 12.5' for a stream simulation approach design and the resultant construction contract documents will show the stream bed width as approximately this dimension. The ordinary High-Water Line, OHWL event, or Q 2-year return with climate change flow rate is noted to be 2 cfs and 8 cfs respectively in the East and West culverts. A low-flow stream shape will be incorporated into both the stream crossings at culvert East and West.

The following table was used to calculate and model the stream geometry in the HEC-RAS and in the U.S. Forest Service, USFS, Fish Xing software application shown in the appendix.

Name of Culvert	Return Interval (years)	Flow Rate (cfs)
Culvert West 1893	2	3.72
Culvert East 1894	2	1.99
Culvert West 1893	100	14
Culvert East 1894	100	7.5

Table 1 Stream flows shown for each culvert and return intervals used in the HECRAS Modeling and Fish Xing Modeling.

Q 100 Flood Hydraulic Characteristics

Site characteristics for the proposed culvert sites have been evaluated for tractive force and scour potential of sediment within the culvert and will result in the governing sizes of the gradation of streambed sediments within the culvert. This will be modeled using a triangular channel cross section with a low flow channel.

See the following screen shots for the results to HEC-RAS calculations. The stream cross section below the bridge is shown and then the resultant calculation follows.

The road cross section for each tributary is shown and is shown wrapped around the upstream face of each of the culverts in the screenshots. Note the exaggerated vertical scale.

The model includes the approximation for climate change of an additional 1.5 feet above the mean high higher water, MHHW, elevation for the highest estimated tide at Race Lagoon. The MHHW elevation is noted to be 9.05 feet NGVD88 plus an additional 1.5 feet provides the estimated elevation of the high tide in race Lagoon in the year 2080, with a 50% chance of occurrence, to be 10.55 feet. This elevation was used in the HECRAS model to consider if a tidal influence occurred at the culvert crossings. Also, whether or not a tidal prism inundated the far side of the road crossing into the upstream fields to the south.

The modeling indicates that no tidal prism crosses the road at either of the culvert crossings. However, Culvert West 1893 west shows a backwater characteristic due to the future high tides at the high flow 100 year return occurrence.

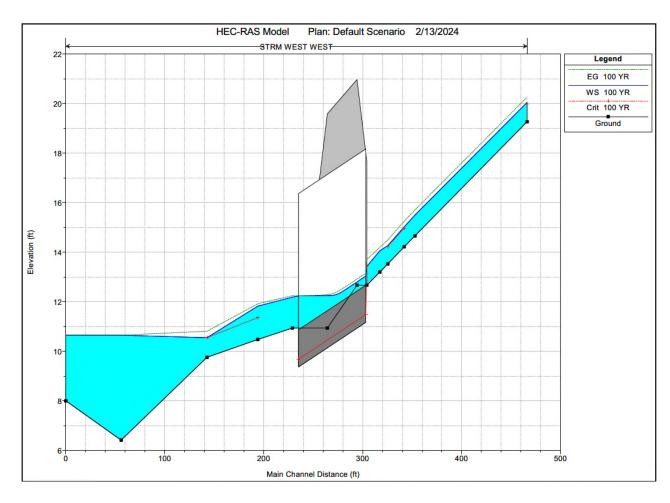


Figure 12 HECRAS output for Culvert West 1893, showing the 100 year water surface elevation in light blue.

HEC-RAS Plan: Default Scenario River: STRM WEST Reach: WEST

Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	Vel Chnl	Froude # Chl	Shear Chan	Power Chan
			(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/s)		(lb/sq ft)	(lb/ft s)
WEST	1000	2 YR	3.72	19.67		2.37	0.74	0.71	1.68
WEST	1000	100 YR	14.00	20.05	19.99	3.65	0.86	1.40	5.11
WEST	999	2 YR	3.72	15.06		2.59	0.81	0.85	2.20
WEST	999	100 YR	14.00	15.50		3.66	0.83	1.38	5.05
WEST	998.6	2 YR	3.72	14.65	14.58	2.37	0.72	0.70	1.65
WEST	998.6	100 YR	14.00	15.02	14.97	3.86	0.89	1.56	6.02
WEST	998	2 YR	3.72	13.89	13.87	2.67	0.90	0.95	2.53
WEST	998	100 YR	14.00	14.27	14.24	3.89	0.91	1.59	6.17
WEST	997.9	2 YR	3.72	13.63		2.02	0.61	0.51	1.02
WEST	997.9	100 YR	14.00	14.06		3.02	0.68	0.93	2.82
WEST	997.7	2 YR	3.72	13.04	13.04	2.98	1.00	1.18	3.52
WEST	997.7	100 YR	14.00	13.43	13.43	4.19	1.00	1.87	7.83
WEST	996.48		Culvert						
WEST	996	2 YR	3.72	11.63		1.30	0.34	0.19	0.25
WEST	996	100 YR	14.00	12.19		1.98	0.39	0.37	0.73
WEST	995	2 YR	3.72	10.91	10.91	3.19	1.00	1.30	4.14
WEST	995	100 YR	14.00	11.83	11.36	2.44	0.45	0.55	1.33
WEST	994	2 YR	3.72	10.64		0.92	0.21	0.09	0.08
WEST	994	100 YR	14.00	10.55	10.55	4.09	1.01	1.81	7.41
WEST	993	2 YR	3.72	10.65		0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00
WEST	993	100 YR	14.00	10.65		0.16	0.02	0.00	0.00
WEST	992	2 YR	3.72	10.65		0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00
WEST	992	100 YR	14.00	10.65		0.15	0.02	0.00	0.00

Table 2 HECRAS tabular output for Culvert West 1893 for 100 year and 2 year return intervals.

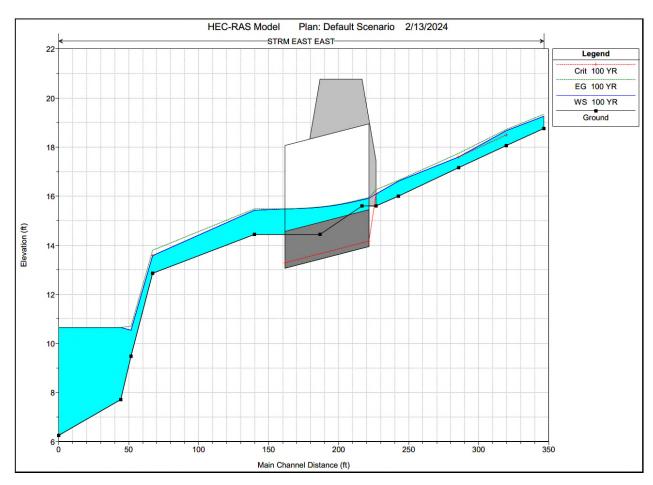


Figure 13 HECRAS output profile of water surface for the 100 year return interval at the Culvert East 1894.

HEC-RAS Plan: Default Scenario River: STRM EAST Reach: EAST

Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	Vel Chnl	Froude # Chl	Shear Chan	Power Chan
			(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/s)		(lb/sq ft)	(lb/ft s)
EAST	1008	2 YR	1.99	19.00	18.97	1.80	0.77	0.50	0.90
EAST	1008	100 YR	7.50	19.25		2.28	0.74	0.67	1.51
EAST	1007.6	2 YR	1.99	18.39	18.27	1.20	0.44	0.20	0.24
EAST	1007.6	100 YR	7.50	18.67	18.50	1.79	0.50	0.38	0.67
EAST	1007	2 YR	1.99	17.37	17.37	2.26	1.01	0.81	1.83
EAST	1007	100 YR	7.50	17.60	17.60	3.07	1.00	1.22	3.74
EAST	1006	2 YR	1.99	16.32		1.07	0.41	0.16	0.18
EAST	1006	100 YR	7.50	16.61		1.52	0.43	0.27	0.41
EAST	1005	2 YR	1.99	15.83	15.83	2.42	1.00	0.89	2.17
EAST	1005	100 YR	7.50	16.09	16.09	3.39	1.00	1.40	4.76
EAST	1004.51		Culvert						
EAST	1004	2 YR	1.99	15.00		1.34	0.40	0.22	0.30
EAST	1004	100 YR	7.50	15.43		1.93	0.45	0.39	0.76
EAST	1003	2 YR	1.99	13.24	13.24	2.78	1.00	1.08	3.00
EAST	1003	100 YR	7.50	13.58	13.58	3.74	1.01	1.62	6.06
EAST	1002	2 YR	1.99	10.64		0.74	0.15	0.06	0.04
EAST	1002	100 YR	7.50	10.54		3.27	0.72	1.12	3.66
EAST	1001	2 YR	1.99	10.65		0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
EAST	1001	100 YR	7.50	10.65		0.06	0.01	0.00	0.00
EAST	1000	2 YR	1.99	10.65		0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
EAST	1000	100 YR	7.50	10.65		0.06	0.01	0.00	0.00

Table 3 HECRAS tabular output for the Culvert East 1894 for the 100 year and 2 year return intervals.

Construction Costs

5. Construction Costs

Construction costs are estimated using professional judgement and experience in the current construction industry. At this phase of preliminary design costs are higher than anticipated bids will be due to the uncertainty of costs and inflation. These costs include an 8% annual inflation factor.

Race Road Culvert Replacements Construction Costs

Summary

Site West: 14' x 4.67' x 64' Concrete Box Culvert \$1,031,417 Site East: 12.5' x 5.67' x 72' Concrete Box Culvert \$1,090,146

Figure 14 Summary of estimated construction costs for the Race Lagoon Road crossings.

Chinook Engineering Opinion of Probable Construction Costs



Race Road Culvert Replacements Construction Costs

Site West: 14' x 4.67' x 64' Concrete Box Culvert

Project Name: Race Road Culvert Replacements Construction Costs

Chinook Project #: 22457 Date: 02/07/24

> Estimate By: Jay S. Kidder, PE Stream: Race Road Culvert Replacements

Annual Construction

Inflation Factor Applied to Construction Total

8.00%

Description	Unit	Quantity	Cost	Amount	Sub Tota
Mobilization / Site Preparation					
Mobilize	L.S.	1	\$65,000.00	\$65,000	
Access and Traffic control	L.S.	1	\$25,000.00	\$25,000	
Stream Bypass	L.S.	1	\$0.00	\$0	
Erosion Control	L.S.	1	\$5,000.00	\$5,000	
Dewater and foundation water contr		2	\$4,000.00	\$8,000	
Fish Removal	L.S.	1	\$0.00	\$0	
Utilities 811, and Pothole & Replace	e LS	1	\$15,000.00	\$15,000	
MOBILIZATION / SITE PREP SUB	TOTAL				\$118,000
Excavation		2000			
Grubbing and disposal on site	ACRES	0.11	\$10,000.00	\$1,148	
Tree falling stumps to remain Excavation, Common, at culvert	EA	0	\$650.00	\$0	
with end haul	C.Y.	1138	\$85.00	\$96,688	
Cut asphalt	LF	136	\$6.00	\$816	
Cut and demolish asphalt end haul	Ton	31	\$80.00	\$2,481	
EXCAVATION SUB TOTAL					\$101,132
Culvert Installation					
Culvert Base Precast Conc.	CY	63	\$2,300	\$144,474	
Culvert Traffic Slab top, Conc.	CY	36	\$2,300	\$81,778	
Culvert Ends, Conc.	CY	4	\$2,300	\$9,030	
Install, crane or large excav.	L.S.	1	\$18,000	\$18,000	
Culvert disposal	EA	1	\$2,000.00	\$2,000	
Culvert Weld tabs	EA	128	\$30	\$3,840	
Backfill against culvert, CSBC	CY	1340	\$85	\$113,904	
Subgrade & Compaction subgrade	C.Y.	69	\$85	\$5,843	
Geotextile	SY	142	\$9.50	\$1,351	
Quarry Spalls and ditching	Ton	60	\$150	\$9,000	
Fill Road base crushed gravel	C.Y.	141	\$110	\$15,507	
Resurface with HMA Class A	Ton	46	\$120	\$5,529	
BRIDGE INSTALLATION SUB TOT	TAL				\$410,255
Channel Work HPA Req'd	Total Control		2.000	11111	
Streambed Gravel, Fishmix grade	C.Y.	7	\$110.00	\$815	
Culvert backfill in barrel	C.Y.	117	\$110.00	\$12,833	
Culvert Habitat Boulders	Ton	32	\$110.00	\$3,520	
Revegetation	LS	1	\$4,000.00	\$4,000	
CHANNEL WORK SUBTOTAL					\$21,168
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL					\$702,600
Sales Tax	8.80%				\$61,829
Admin/Planning	8.00%				\$56,208
Permits	9.00%				\$63,234
Engineering Design	15.00%				\$105,390
Engineering Construction Manage.	6.00%				\$42,156
Soils Lab Testing		0	\$2,000.00		\$0
PROJECT TOTAL					\$1,031,417

Figure 15
Construction cost estimate West
1893 culvert crossing at Race Lagoon.

Opinions of Probable Construction Cost

In providing opinions of probable construction cost, the Client understands that the Consultant (Chinook Engineering) has no control over the cost or availability of labor, equipment or materials, or over market condition or the Contractor's method of pricing, and the consultant's opinions of probable construction costs are made on the basis of the Consultant's professional judgment and experience. The Consultant makes no warranty, express or implied that the bids or the negotiated cost of the Work will not vary from the Consultant's opinion of probable construction cost.

RACE LAGOON TRIBUTARIES CROSSING RACE ROAD RCO 22-1089 CULVERTS 1983 1894 FISH PASSAGE CULVERT REPLACEMENT BASIS OF DESIGN REPORT

Chinook Engineering Opinion of Probable Construction Costs Race Road Culvert Replacements Construction Costs



Site East: 12.5' x 5.67' x 72' Concrete Box Culvert
Project Name: Race Road Culvert Replacements Construction Costs

Chinook Project #: 22457 Date: 02/07/24 Estimate By: Jay S. Kidder, PE

Stream: Race Road Culvert Replacements

Inflation Factor Applied to 8.00%

Description	Unit	Quantity	Cost	Amount	Sub Total
Mobilization / Site Preparation					
Mobilize	L.S.	1	\$65,000.00	\$65,000	
Access and Traffic control	L.S.	1	\$25,000.00	\$25,000	
Stream Bypass	L.S.	1	\$0.00	\$0	
Erosion Control	L.S.	1	\$5,000.00	\$5,000	
Dewater and foundation water contr	cEA	2	\$4,000.00	\$8,000	
Fish Removal	L.S.	1	\$0.00	\$0	
Utilities 811, and Pothole & Replace	LS	1	\$15,000.00	\$15,000	
MOBILIZATION / SITE PREP SUB	TOTAL				\$118,000
Excavation			Annual Control of the		
Grubbing and disposal on site	ACRES	0.11	\$10,000.00	\$1,148	
Tree falling stumps to remain	EA	0	\$650.00	\$0	
Excavation, Common, at culvert					
with end haul	C.Y.	1264	\$85.00	\$107,431	
Cut asphalt	LF	136	\$6.00	\$816	
Cut and demolish asphalt end haul	Ton	31	\$80.00	\$2,481	
EXCAVATION SUB TOTAL					\$111,876
Culvert Installation			7.00		
Culvert Base Precast Conc.	CY	71	\$2,300	\$162,533	
Culvert Traffic Slab top, Conc.	CY	40	\$2,300	\$92,000	
Culvert Ends, Conc.	CY	4	\$2,300	\$9,030	
Install, crane or large excav.	L.S.	1	\$18,000	\$18,000	
Culvert disposal	EA.	1	\$2,000.00	\$2,000	
Culvert Weld tabs	EA	144	\$30	\$4,320	
Backfill against culvert, CSBC	CY	1485	\$85	\$126,194	
Subgrade & Compaction subgrade	C.Y.	69	\$85	\$5.843	
Geotextile	SY.	142	\$9.50		
				\$1,351	
Quarry Spalls and ditching	Ton	60	\$150	\$9,000	
Fill Road base crushed gravel Resurface with HMA Class A	C.Y.	150 46	\$110 \$120	\$16,541 \$5,529	
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		40	\$120	\$3,325	
BRIDGE INSTALLATION SUB TOT	AL				\$452,341
Channel Work HPA Req'd	144			-2.42	
Cut Roots and clean up	C.Y.	5	\$65.00	\$325	
Fish mix stream sed. and cobble	CY	15	\$110.00	\$1,650	
Excavation, Channel change	C.Y.	9	\$80.00	\$693	
Streambed Gravel, Fishmix grade	C.Y.	7	\$110.00	\$815	
Culvert backfill in barrel	C.Y.	124	\$110.00	\$13,689	
Culvert Habitat Boulders	Ton	32	\$110.00	\$3,520	
Revegetation	LS	1	\$4,000.00	\$4,000	
CHANNEL WORK SUBTOTAL					\$22,717
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL					\$761,329
Sales Tax	8.80%				\$61,829
Admin/Planning	8.00%				\$56,208
Permits	9.00%				
					\$63,234
Engineering Design	15.00%				\$105,390
Engineering Construction Manage.	6.00%		4		\$42,156
Soils Lab Testing		0	\$2,000.00		\$0
PROJECT TOTAL					\$1,090,146

Figure 16
Construction cost estimate East
1894 culvert crossing at Race Lagoon.

Opinions of Probable Construction Cost

In providing opinions of probable construction cost, the Client understands that the Consultant (Chinook Engineering) has no control over the cost or availability of labor, equipment or materials, or over market condition or the Contractor's method of pricing, and the consultant's opinions of probable construction costs are made on the basis of the Consultant's professional judgment and experience. The Consultant makes no warranty, express or implied that the bids or the negotiated cost of the Work will not vary from the Consultant's opinion of probable construction cost.

RACE LAGOON TRIBUTARIES CROSSING RACE ROAD RCO 22-1089 CULVERTS 1983 1894 FISH PASSAGE CULVERT REPLACEMENT BASIS OF DESIGN REPORT

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Chapter

7

Appendices

7. Appendices

Appendix A stream simulation memo by Chinook Engineering	

860 Windrose Drive Coupeville, WA 98239

Telephone (360) 672-5528

Memorandum

Date: January 8, 2024

From: Jay S. Kidder, P.E.

To: Alison Studley, Executive Director SFEG

Subject: Race Road Culvert Replacement Project hydrology and Hydraulics memo together with fish crossing and stream simulation dimensions

Hi Allison,

Please find attached a memo that presents the several design tools that I use to size culverts properly for fish passage. The results are shown attached. This may initiate discussions as to the actual size used in the design.

These tools include the Streamstats online program from the USGS to provide the best estimate of stream flow for the 2 watersheds, 1893, and 1894; an Excel spreadsheet that solves the stream simulation calculation for Washington state; the Washington State Department of Fish and Wildlife climate change modifier for culverts and stream crossings; and the U.S. Forest Service FishXng output.

I use these tools to design for culverts in the stream, starting with the bank full width measurements then use the spreadsheet for the appropriate size culvert replacement, which is then modified by the climate change increase for the year 2080, and then double check sizing using the U.S. Forest Service FishXng program. All the earlier culvert spans and barrier measurements are shown as well.

Give me a call if you need anything else such as revising the drawings again. My phone number is 360-672-5528.

Thank you, Jay Kidder

https://chinookengineering.sharepoint.com/sites/RaceRoadCulvertReplacements1893-1894/Shared Documents/BOD/Fish Crossing and Stream Simulation Memodocx

Crossing Report for Race Road Large West 1893

Project: Hydraulics and FishXing

Table 1. Project Summary for Hydraulics and FishXing

File Name	Crossing Name	Stream Name	Culvert Length	QLP	QHP	% Passable
Race Road large West	Race Road Large West	unnamed	56 ft	4.3 cfs	16.5 cfs	100.0%
small Race Road.xng	Race Road Small Culv€	unnamed	74 ft	2.3 cfs	8.9 cfs	100.0%

Crossing Location Information

Crossing Name: Race Road Large West 1893

Stream Name: unnamed Road: Race Road

Biological Data

Fish Length: 8 cm

Minimum Water Depth: 0.1 ft Prolonged Swimming Speed: 5.1 ft/s Prolonged Time to Exhaustion: 20 min

Prolonged Notes:

Oncorhynchus tshawytscha

Chinook salmon

Length: 71.35 to 84.79 cm

Temp: 12.5 Deg C

Speed Range: 4.1 - 6.43 ft/s Fish Body Depth: 0.06 ft

Burst Swimming Speed: 5.3 ft/s Burst Time to Exhaustion: 10 s

Burst Notes:

Oncorhynchus tshawytscha

Chinook salmon

Length: 50.8 to 96.5 cm Temp: 18.9 to 19.4 Deg C Fish Body Depth: 0.06 ft Fish Metrics Calculated

Leaping Speed: 16.8 ft/s Velocity Reduction Factors:

Inlet: 1.00 Barrel: 1.00 Outlet: 1.00

Crossing Installation Data

Culvert Type: 13 X 7 ft Box

Material: Concrete Installation: Embedded Countersunk Depth: 2.3 ft

Natural Bottom Roughness Coefficient: 0.05

Culvert Length: 56 ft Culvert Slope: 3.36%

Culvert Roughness Coefficient: 0.013 Natural Bottom Roughness Coefficient: 0.05

Inlet Invert Elevation: 12.31 ft Outlet Invert Elevation: 10.43 ft Inlet Headloss Coefficient (Ke): 0.7

Design Flows

Low Passage Flow: 4.3 cfs High Passage Flow: 16.5 cfs

Tailwater Information

Tailwater Option: Tailwater Channel Cross-Section

Channel Bottom Slope: 3.4%

Outlet-Pool Bottom Elevation: 10.43 ft

Table 2. Tailwater Cross Section Data.

	Station (ft)	Elevation (ft)	Roughness Coefficient
Ī	0.00	18.00	0.055
	4.00	10.43	
	18.00	10.43	
	22.00	18.00	

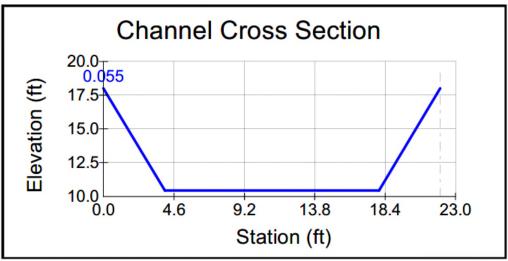


Figure 1. Channel Cross Section at Tailwater Crest.

Table 3. Tailwater Rating Table Information.

		racing in		
Discharge (cfs)	Tailwater Elevation (ft)	Wetted Perimeter (ft)	Cross-Sect. Area (sq. ft)	Composite Roughness Coefficient
0.0	10.4	0.00	0.00	0.000
0.8	10.5	14.16	0.98	0.055
3.6	10.6	14.38	2.39	0.055
7.8	10.7	14.61	3.82	0.055
13.1	10.8	14.84	5.25	0.055
19.4	10.9	15.06	6.70	0.055
26.7	11.0	15.29	8.15	0.055
34.8	11.1	15.52	9.62	0.055
43.8	11.2	15.74	11.09	0.055
53.5	11.3	15.97	12.58	0.055
63.9	11.4	16.19	14.08	0.055
75.0	11.5	16.42	15.58	0.055
86.8	11.6	16.65	17.10	0.055
99.2	11.7	16.87	18.63	0.055
112.2	11.8	17.10	20.17	0.055
125.8	11.9	17.33	21.72	0.055
140.0	12.0	17.55	23.28	0.055
154.8	12.1	17.78	24.85	0.055
170.1	12.2	18.00	26.44	0.055
186.0	12.3	18.23	28.03	0.055
202.4	12.4	18.46	29.63	0.055
219.3	12.5	18.68	31.24	0.055
236.7	12.6	18.91	32.87	0.055
254.6	12.7	19.13	34.50	0.055
273.0	12.8	19.36	36.15	0.055
291.9	12.9	19.59	37.80	0.055
311.3	13.0	19.81	39.47	0.055
331.1	13.1	20.04	41.15	0.055
351.4	13.2	20.27	42.83	0.055
372.2	13.3	20.49	44.53	0.055
393.4	13.4	20.72	46.24	0.055
415.1	13.5	20.94	47.96	0.055
437.2	13.6	21.17	49.69	0.055
459.7	13.7	21.40	51.43	0.055
482.7	13.8	21.62	53.18	0.055
506.1	13.9	21.85	54.94	0.055
530.0	14.0	22.08	56.71	0.055
554.2	14.1	22.30	58.50	0.055
578.9	14.2	22.53	60.29	0.055
604.0	14.3	22.75	62.09	0.055
629.6	14.4	22.98	63.91	0.055
655.5	14.5	23.21	65.73	0.055
681.9	14.6	23.43	67.57	0.055
708.7	14.7	23.66	69.41	0.055
735.9	14.8	23.89	71.27	0.055
763.5	14.9	24.11	73.14	0.055
791.5	15.0	24.34	75.02	0.055
819.9	15.1	24.56	76.90	0.055

Discharge (cfs)	Tailwater Elevation (ft)	Wetted Perimeter (ft)	Cross-Sect. Area (sq. ft)	Composite Roughness Coefficient
848.7	15.2	24.79	78.80	0.055
877.9	15.3	25.02	80.71	0.055
907.5	15.4	25.24	82.63	0.055
937.5	15.5	25.47	84.56	0.055
968.0	15.6	25.69	86.50	0.055
998.8	15.7	25.92	88.46	0.055
1030.0	15.8	26.15	90.42	0.055
1061.6	15.9	26.37	92.39	0.055
1093.6	16.0	26.60	94.37	0.055
1126.0	16.1	26.83	96.37	0.055
1158.8	16.2	27.05	98.37	0.055
1192.0	16.3	27.28	100.39	0.055
1225.6	16.4	27.50	102.41	0.055
1259.6	16.5	27.73	104.45	0.055
1294.0	16.6	27.96	106.50	0.055
1328.7	16.7	28.18	108.55	0.055
1363.9	16.8	28.41	110.62	0.055
1399.4	16.9	28.64	112.70	0.055
1435.4	17.0	28.86	114.79	0.055
1471.7	17.1	29.09	116.89	0.055
1508.5	17.2	29.31	119.00	0.055
1545.6	17.3	29.54	121.12	0.055
1583.1	17.4	29.77	123.25	0.055
1621.0	17.5	29.99	125.39	0.055
1659.4	17.6	30.22	127.54	0.055
1698.1	17.7	30.45	129.71	0.055
1737.1	17.8	30.67	131.88	0.055
1776.6	17.9	30.90	134.07	0.055
1816.5	18.0	31.12	136.26	0.055

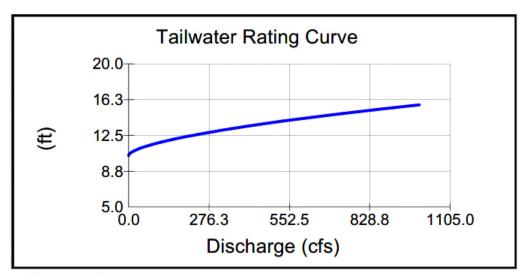


Figure 2. Tailwater Rating Curve

Table 4. Fish Passage Summary.

Fish Passag	e Summary
Low Passage Design Flow	4.30 cfs
High Passage Design Flow	16.50 cfs
Percent of Flows Passable	100.0 %
Passable Flow Range	4.30 to 16.50 cfs
Depth Barrier	None
Leap Barriers	None
Velocity Barrier	None
Pool Depth Barrier	None

Table 5. Culvert Summary for 4.30 cfs.

Summary for Q = 4.30 cfs				
Normal Depth (ft)	0.19			
Critical Depth (ft)	0.15			
Headwater Depth (ft)	0.36			
HW/D	0.08			
Inlet Velocity (ft/s)	2.32			
Tailwater Depth (ft)	0.19			
Outlet Water Surface Drop (fl	0.00			
Prolonged Swim Time (min)	0.28			
Burst Swim Time (s)	0.00			
Barrier Code	NONE			

Table 6. Culvert Profiles for 4.30 cfs.

	Profiles for Q = 4.30 cfs				
Dist Down Culvert (ft)	Depth (ft)	Velocity Average (ft/s)	Velocity Occupied (ft/s)	Swim Mode	Barrier Type
0	0.36	0.00	0.00	Prolonged	NONE
3	0.19	2.32	2.31	Prolonged	
5	0.19	1.78	1.77	Prolonged	
8	0.19	1.78	1.77	Prolonged	
11	0.19	1.78	1.77	Prolonged	
14	0.19	1.78	1.77	Prolonged	
17	0.19	1.78	1.77	Prolonged	
20	0.19	1.78	1.77	Prolonged	
23	0.19	1.78	1.77	Prolonged	
26	0.19	1.78	1.77	Prolonged	
29	0.19	1.78	1.77	Prolonged	
32	0.19	1.78	1.77	Prolonged	
35	0.19	1.78	1.77	Prolonged	
38	0.19	1.78	1.77	Prolonged	
41	0.19	1.78	1.77	Prolonged	
44	0.19	1.78	1.77	Prolonged	
47	0.19	1.78	1.77	Prolonged	
50	0.19	1.78	1.77	Prolonged	
53	0.19	1.78	1.77	Prolonged	
56	0.19	1.77	1.77		

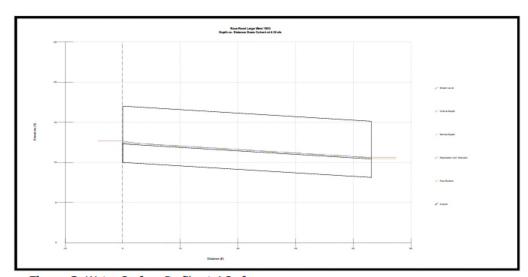


Figure 3. Water Surface Profile at 4.3 cfs

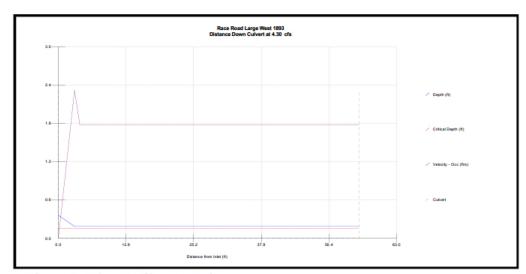


Figure 4. Culvert Profiles at 4.3 cfs

Table 7. Culvert Summary for 16.5 cfs.

Summary for Q = 16.50 cfs					
Normal Depth (ft)	0.42				
Critical Depth (ft)	0.37				
Headwater Depth (ft)	0.72				
HW/D	0.15				
Inlet Velocity (ft/s)	3.96				
Tailwater Depth (ft)	0.42				
Outlet Water Surface Drop (fl	0.00				
Prolonged Swim Time (min)	0.45				
Burst Swim Time (s)	0.00				
Barrier Code	NONE				

Table 8. Culvert Profiles for 16.5 cfs.

	Profiles for Q = 16.50 cfs				
Dist Down Culvert (ft)	Depth (ft)	Velocity Average (ft/s)	Velocity Occupied (ft/s)	Swim Mode	Barrier Type
0	0.72	0.00	0.00	Prolonged	NONE
3	0.42	3.96	3.95	Prolonged	
5	0.42	3.04	3.03	Prolonged	
8	0.42	3.04	3.03	Prolonged	
11	0.42	3.04	3.03	Prolonged	
14	0.42	3.04	3.03	Prolonged	
17	0.42	3.04	3.03	Prolonged	
20	0.42	3.04	3.03	Prolonged	
23	0.42	3.04	3.03	Prolonged	
26	0.42	3.04	3.03	Prolonged	
29	0.42	3.04	3.03	Prolonged	
32	0.42	3.04	3.03	Prolonged	
35	0.42	3.04	3.03	Prolonged	
38	0.42	3.04	3.03	Prolonged	
41	0.42	3.04	3.03	Prolonged	
44	0.42	3.04	3.03	Prolonged	
47	0.42	3.04	3.03	Prolonged	
50	0.42	3.04	3.03	Prolonged	
53	0.42	3.04	3.03	Prolonged	
56	0.42	3.00	2.99		

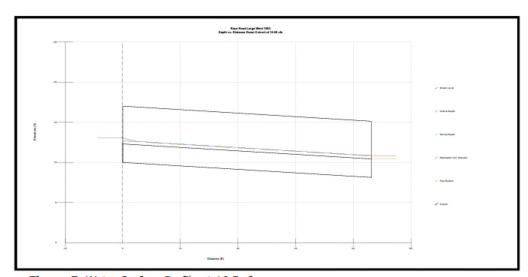


Figure 5. Water Surface Profile at 16.5 cfs

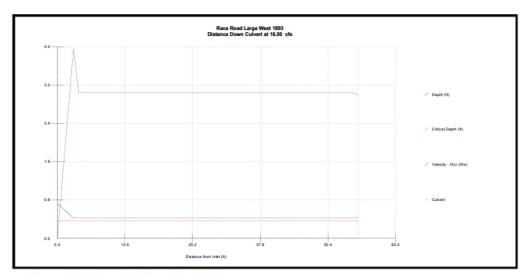


Figure 6. Culvert Profiles at 16.5 cfs

Table 9. Culvert Summary for 2 cfs.

Summary for Q =	= 2.00 cfs
Normal Depth (ft)	0.12
Critical Depth (ft)	0.09
Headwater Depth (ft)	0.26
HW/D	0.05
Inlet Velocity (ft/s)	1.71
Tailwater Depth (ft)	0.11
Outlet Water Surface Drop (fl	0.00
Prolonged Swim Time (min)	0.25
Burst Swim Time (s)	0.00
Barrier Code	NONE

Table 10. Culvert Profiles for 2 cfs.

			Profiles fo	r Q = 2.00 cfs	
Dist Down Culvert (ft)	Depth (ft)	Velocity Average (ft/s)	Velocity Occupied (ft/s)	Swim Mode	Barrier Type
0	0.26	0.00	0.00	Prolonged	NONE
3	0.12	1.71	1.70	Prolonged	
5	0.12	1.31	1.30	Prolonged	
8	0.12	1.31	1.30	Prolonged	
11	0.12	1.31	1.30	Prolonged	
14	0.12	1.31	1.30	Prolonged	
17	0.12	1.31	1.30	Prolonged	
20	0.12	1.31	1.30	Prolonged	
23	0.12	1.31	1.30	Prolonged	
26	0.12	1.31	1.30	Prolonged	
29	0.12	1.31	1.30	Prolonged	
32	0.12	1.31	1.30	Prolonged	
35	0.12	1.31	1.30	Prolonged	
38	0.12	1.31	1.30	Prolonged	
41	0.12	1.31	1.30	Prolonged	
44	0.12	1.31	1.30	Prolonged	
47	0.12	1.31	1.30	Prolonged	
50	0.12	1.31	1.30	Prolonged	
53	0.12	1.31	1.30	Prolonged	
56	0.11	1.37	1.37		

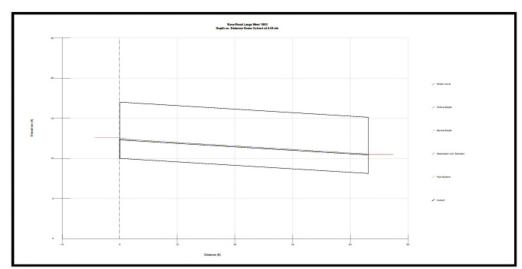


Figure 7. Water Surface Profile at 2 cfs

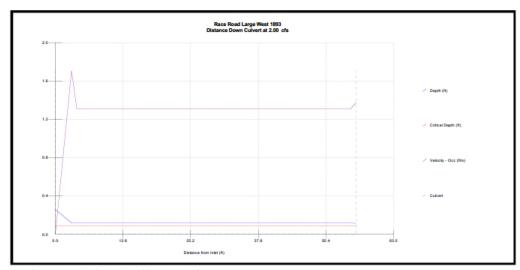


Figure 8. Culvert Profiles at 2 cfs

Table 11. Culvert Rating Table.

Q total (cfs)	Depth Min (ft)	V(occ) Max (ft/s)	Depth TW (ft)	Outlet WS Drop (ft)	Depth Pool (ft)	Barrier Type
0.0	0.00	0.00	-10.43	10.43	-10.43	Depth
0.8	0.07	1.20	0.07	0.00	0.07	Depth
1.6	0.10	1.65	0.10	0.00	0.10	Depth
2.5	0.13	1.85	0.13	0.00	0.13	NONE
3.3	0.16	2.08	0.16	0.00	0.16	NONE
4.30	0.19	2.32	0.19	0.00	0.19	NONE
5.1	0.21	2.48	0.21	0.00	0.21	NONE
5.9	0.23	2.64	0.23	0.00	0.23	NONE
6.8	0.24	2.77	0.25	0.00	0.25	NONE
7.6	0.26	2.90	0.27	0.00	0.27	NONE
8.4	0.28	3.03	0.28	0.00	0.28	NONE
9.2	0.29	3.14	0.30	0.00	0.30	NONE
10.0	0.31	3.25	0.31	0.00	0.31	NONE
10.9	0.32	3.35	0.33	0.00	0.33	NONE
11.7	0.34	3.45	0.34	0.00	0.34	NONE
12.5	0.35	3.54	0.36	0.00	0.36	NONE
13.3	0.37	3.64	0.37	0.00	0.37	NONE
14.1	0.38	3.72	0.39	0.00	0.39	NONE
15.0	0.39	3.81	0.40	0.00	0.40	NONE
15.8	0.41	3.89	0.41	0.00	0.41	NONE
16.50	0.42	3.96	0.42	0.00	0.42	NONE
17.3	0.43	4.04	0.44	0.00	0.44	NONE
18.1	0.44	4.11	0.45	0.00	0.45	NONE
19.0	0.45	4.18	0.46	0.00	0.46	NONE
19.8	0.47	4.26	0.47	0.00	0.47	NONE
20.6	0.48	4.32	0.49	0.00	0.49	NONE
21.4	0.49	4.39	0.50	0.00	0.50	NONE
22.2	0.50	4.46	0.51	0.00	0.51	NONE
23.1	0.51	4.52	0.52	0.00	0.52	NONE
23.9	0.52	4.59	0.53	0.00	0.53	NONE
24.8	0.53	4.65	0.54	0.00	0.54	NONE

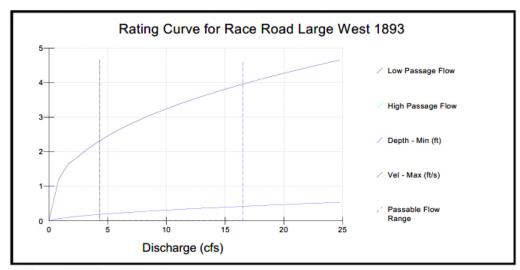


Figure 9. Culvert Rating Curve

Barrier Codes

V = Strict Velocity Barrier

EB = Fish Exhausted at Burst Speed

Long = Fish Exhausted at Prolonged Speed

Leap = Excessive leap at outlet

Drop = Excessive drop at outlet

Depth = Too shallow for substantial distance

Pool = Leap Pool too shallow

NONE = Not a barrier

StreamStats https://streamstats.usgs.gov/ss/

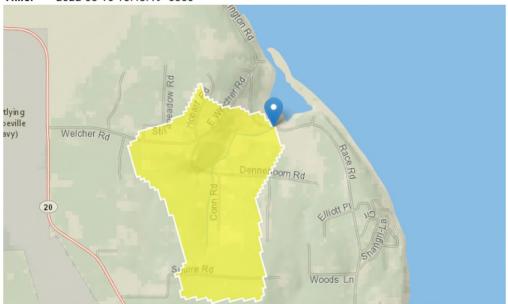
Stream Crossing Race Road at 1893

Region ID: WA

Workspace ID: WA20220310234322184000

Clicked Point (Latitude, Longitude): 48.19047, -122.60091

Time: 2022-03-10 15:43:49 -0800



Parameter Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit
DRNAREA	Area that drains to a point on a stream	0.56	square miles
PRECPRIS10	Basin average mean annual precipitation for 1981 to 2010 from PRISM	21.4	inches
PRECIP	Mean Annual Precipitation	20	inches
BSLDEM30M	Mean basin slope computed from 30 m DEM	6.26	percent
CANOPY_PCT	Percentage of drainage area covered by canopy as described in OK SIR 2009_5267	69.1	percent

StreamStats https://streamstats.usgs.gov/ss/

Parameter Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit
ELEV	Mean Basin Elevation	196	feet
ELEVMAX	Maximum basin elevation	347	feet
MINBELEV	Minimum basin elevation	21.2	feet
NFSL30	North-Facing Slopes Greater Than 30 Percent	0	percent
RELIEF	Maximum - minimum elevation	325	feet
SLOP30_30M	Percent area with slopes greater than 30 percent from 30-meter DEM.	0	percent

Peak-Flow	Statistics Parameters	[Peak Region 3 2016 5118]
Peak-Flow	Statistics Parameters	Peak Region 3 2010 3116

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	0.56	square miles	0.08	2610
PRECPRIS10	Mean Annual Precip PRISM 1981 2010	21.4	inches	33.2	168

Peak-Flow Statistics Disclaimers [Peak Region 3 2016 5118]

One or more of the parameters is outside the suggested range. Estimates were extrapolated with $\frac{1}{2}$ unknown errors

Peak-Flow Statistics Flow Report [Peak Region 3 2016 5118]

Statistic	Value	Unit
50-percent AEP flood	3.72	ft^3/s
20-percent AEP flood	6.14	ft^3/s
10-percent AEP flood	7.87	ft^3/s
4-percent AEP flood	10.2	ft^3/s
2-percent AEP flood	12	ft^3/s
1-percent AEP flood	14	ft^3/s
0.5-percent AEP flood	16	ft^3/s

Statistic	Value	Unit	
0.2-percent AEP flood	18.8	ft^3/s	

Peak-Flow Statistics Citations

Mastin, M.C., Konrad, C.P., Veilleux, A.G., and Tecca, A.E., 2016, Magnitude, frequency, and trends of floods at gaged and ungaged sites in Washington, based on data through water year 2014 (ver 1.1, October 2016): U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2016–5118, 70 p. (http://dx.doi.org/10.3133/sir20165118)

Low-Flow Statistics Parameters [Low Flow Western 2 var 2012 5078]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	0.56	square miles	0.1	48.9
PRECIP	Mean Annual Precipitation	20	inches	25.1	143

Low-Flow Statistics Disclaimers [Low Flow Western 2 var 2012 5078]

One or more of the parameters is outside the suggested range. Estimates were extrapolated with unknown errors

Low-Flow Statistics Flow Report [Low Flow Western 2 var 2012 5078]

Statistic	Value	Unit	
7 Day 10 Year Low Flow	0.0171	ft^3/s	

Low-Flow Statistics Citations

Curran, C.A., Eng, Ken, and Konrad, C.P.,2012, Analysis of low flows and selected methods for estimating low-flow characteristics at partial-record and ungaged stream sites in western Washington: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2012-5078, 46 p. (http://pubs.usgs.gov/sir/2012/5078/)

Bankfull Statistics Parameters [99.2 Percent (0.553 square miles) Pacific Mountain System D Bieger 2015]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	0.56	square miles	6.1776	8079.9147

Bankfull Statistics Parameters [99.2 Percent (0.553 square miles) Pacific Border P Bieger 2015]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit	
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	0.56	square miles	6.169878	3938.976756	

Bankfull Statistics Parameters [99.2 Percent (0.553 square miles) USA Bieger 2015]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit	
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	0.56	square miles	0.07722	59927.7393	

Bankfull Statistics Parameters [Pac Maritime Mtn CastroJackson 2001]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	0.56	square miles	54.8	3093

Bankfull Statistics Disclaimers [99.2 Percent (0.553 square miles) Pacific Mountain System D Bieger 2015]

One or more of the parameters is outside the suggested range. Estimates were extrapolated with unknown errors

Bankfull Statistics Flow Report [99.2 Percent (0.553 square miles) Pacific Mountain System D Bieger 2015]

Statistic	Value	Unit
Bieger_D_channel_width	10.5	ft
Bieger_D_channel_depth	0.842	ft
Bieger_D_channel_cross_sectional_area	11.9	ft^2

Bankfull Statistics Disclaimers [99.2 Percent (0.553 square miles) Pacific Border P Bieger 2015]

One or more of the parameters is outside the suggested range. Estimates were extrapolated with unknown errors

Bankfull Statistics Flow Report [99.2 Percent (0.553 square miles) Pacific Border P Bieger 2015]

Statistic	Value	Unit
Bieger_P_channel_width	8.5	ft
Bieger_P_channel_cross_sectional_area	9.95	ft^2
Bieger_P_channel_depth	0.779	ft

Bankfull Statistics Flow Report [99.2 Percent (0.553 square miles) USA Bieger 2015]

Statistic	Value	Unit
Bieger_USA_channel_width	10.1	ft
Bieger_USA_channel_depth	1.07	ft
Bieger_USA_channel_cross_sectional_area	12.5	ft^2

Bankfull Statistics Disclaimers [Pac Maritime Mtn CastroJackson 2001]

One or more of the parameters is outside the suggested range. Estimates were extrapolated with unknown errors ${\bf r}$

Bankfull Statistics Flow Report [Pac Maritime Mtn CastroJackson 2001]

Statistic	Value	Unit	
Bankfull Width	9.66	ft	
Bankfull Depth	0.526	ft	
Bankfull Area	9.29	ft^2	
Bankfull Streamflow	61.7	ft^3/s	

Bankfull Statistics Citations

Bieger, Katrin; Rathjens, Hendrik; Allen, Peter M.; and Arnold, Jeffrey G.,2015, Development and Evaluation of Bankfull Hydraulic Geometry Relationships for the Physiographic Regions of the United States, Publications from USDA-ARS / UNL Faculty, 17p.

(https://digitalcommons.unl.edu/usdaarsfacpub

 $/1515? utm_source= digital commons. unl. edu \% 2 Fusdaars fac pub \% 2 F1515 \& utm_medium = PDF \& utm_campaign = PDF Cover Pages)$

Castro, J.M, and Jackson, P.L.Castro, J.M, and Jackson, P.L., 2001, Bankfull Discharge Recurrence Intervals and Regional Hydraulic Geometery Relationships: Patterns in the Pacific Northwest, USA, Journal of the American Water Resources Association, Volume 37, No. 5, 14 p. (https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/abs/10.1111/j.1752-1688.2001.tb03636.x)

Future Projections for Climate-Adapted Culvert Design

Project Name: Race road fish passage cu

Stream Name: Unnamed West culvert 188

Street Name: Race road

Culvert coordinates: 48.1906, -122.6009

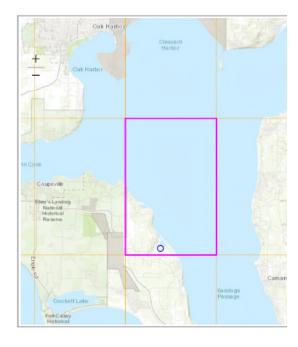
Grid ID 48.21875_-122.59375

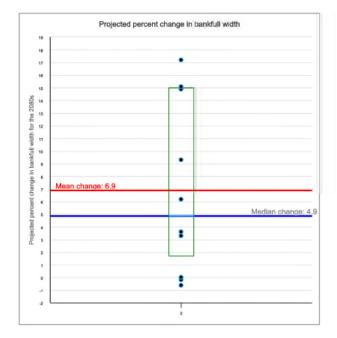
Ecoregion Pacific Maritime Mountains

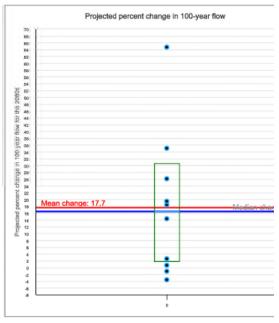
Projected mean percent change in bankfull flow:
2040s: 9.9% 2080s: 14.7%

Projected mean percent change in bankfull width:
2040s: 4.7% 2080s: 6.9%

Projected mean percent change in 100-year flood:
2040s: 8.8% 2080s: 17.7%







The Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife makes no guarantee concerning the data's content, accuracy, precision, or completeness. WDFW makes no warranty of fitness for a particular purpose and assumes no liability for the data represented here.



Fish Passage & Diversion Screening Inventory Database Report Cover Sheet

The following report is extracted from the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife's (WDFW) Fish Passage and Diversion Screening Inventory Database (FPDSI). WDFW makes every attempt to keep these reports in sync with FPDSI; however, the dynamic nature of the data and workflows associated with maintaining the database may result in short-term differences.

Users are encouraged to contact WDFW to discuss appropriate use of the data and how we can assist with fish passage barrier removal or inventory. Please visit the Fish Passage web site for contact information at: https://wdfw.wa.gov/species-habitats/habitat-recovery/fish-passage/about

Disclaimers:

- Data presented here represent a snapshot observation of conditions in a dynamic environment
 that is subject to change. Fish passage data are also collected from a variety of agencies and
 sources. Therefore, WDFW makes no guarantee concerning the data's content, accuracy,
 completeness, or the results obtained from use of the data. WDFW assumes no liability for the
 data represented here.
- These data are not an attempt to provide you with an official agency response as to the impacts
 of your project on fish and wildlife.
- Note that some fish passage features, habitats or species may occur in areas not currently
 known to the WDFW Fish Passage division, and may not be reflected in this database. A lack of
 data does not necessarily indicate that a feature, habitat, or species are not present.
- Unauthorized attempts to alter or modify these data are strictly prohibited.
- Bankfull width measurements included in these reports should not be used for fish passage crossing design. They are solely for assessment purposes.
- The barrier status reported in this document is based on the swimming abilities of adult salmonids. Passabilities are a qualitative value, and should not be interpreted as a quantitative calculation. Please see page 1-4 of the Fish Passage Inventory, Assessment and Prioritization Manual for further clarification: https://wdfw.wa.gov/publications/02061
- EXIF data presented with Image Reports may be erroneous due to camera battery failures and resetting of camera clock functions.

Abbreviations:

Most abbreviations in this report are defined in the Quick Reference Tables of the Fish Passage Inventory, Assessment, and Prioritization Manual. Additional commonly used abbreviations are defined as follows:

NFB = no potential salmonid use, BB = both banks, LB = left bank looking downstream, RB = right bank looking downstream, US or U/S = upstream, DS or D/S = downstream, WSDrop = water surface drop, BFW = bankfull width, OHW = ordinary high water, SLW = scour line width, CMP = corrugated metal pipe, Q₁₀ = fish passage flow, V&D = Velocity and Depth, ROW = Right of Way

The FPDSI database often uses default values such as '-99.99' or '-999' to represent null values.

WDFW Fish Passage and Diversion Screening Inventory Database

	ription Report		- Minimate d	
Project			Mitigated	
s	Waterbo	dy		
48.190567	Stream:		unnamed	
-122.600867	Tributar	y To:	Race Lagoon	
1,127,853.5	WRIA:		06	
1,048,934.0	River M	ile:	-999.99	
	Fish Us	e Potential:	Yes	
	FUP Cri	iteria:	Physical	
Race Rd	Owner			
-999.99	Type:	County		
Island	Name:	Island Cou	nty	
4				
✓ Chinook		✓ Sea R	un Cutthroat	
✓ Coho	✓ Resident Trout			
✓ Steelhead		☐ Bull Tr	Bull Trout	
Dam	☐ Natural Ba	arrier	Diversion	
Other	Fishway			
	Project s 48.190567 -122.600867 1,127,853.5 1,048,934.0 Race Rd -999.99 Island 4 ✓ Chinook ✓ Coho ✓ Steelhead	## Waterbo 48.190567 -122.600867 1,127,853.5 1,048,934.0 Race Rd -999.99 Island 4 Chinook Coho Stream: Tributar WRIA: River M Fish Us FUP Cri Owner Type: Name: Name:	Project	

7/17/2023

USGS Data Disclaimer: Unless otherwise stated, all data, metadata and related materials are considered to satisfy the quality standards relative to the purpose for which the data were collected. Although these data and associated metadata have been reviewed for accuracy and completeness and approved for release by the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS), no warranty expressed or implied is made regarding the display or utility of the data for other purposes, nor on all computer systems, nor shall the act of distribution constitute any such warranty.

USGS Software Disclaimer: This software has been approved for release by the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS). Although the software has been subjected to rigorous review, the USGS reserves the right to update the software as needed pursuant to further analysis and review. No warranty, expressed or implied, is made by the USGS or the U.S. Government as to the functionality of the software and related material nor shall the fact of release constitute any such warranty. Furthermore, the software is released on condition that neither the USGS nor the U.S. Government shall be held liable for any damages resulting from its authorized or unauthorized use.

USGS Product Names Disclaimer: Any use of trade, firm, or product names is for descriptive purposes only and does not imply endorsement by the U.S. Government.

Application Version: 4.7.0

StreamStats Services Version: 1.2.22

NSS Services Version: 2.1.2

		Bridge Calculator 1893	
Values From Streamstats	cfs		
	Return Yr	Value	
	2	3.72	
	5	6.14	
	10	7.87	
	25	10.2	
	50	12	
	100	14	
	200	16	
	500	18.8	
Bieger BFW, feet	10.5 feet		

	Year factors		Increased Val	ues
	2040	2080	2040	2080
% increase in BFW Flow (2 year)	9.9	14.7	4.1	4.3 cfs
% increase in BFW Width	4.7	6.9	11.0	11.2 feet
% increase in 100 year Flood	8.8	17.7	15.2	16.5 cfs

¹ WDFW, web-based analysis. Culverts and Climate Change, changes in bank full width and flow rates in culverts in Washington state. Developed in conjunction with University of Washington 2021. https://geodataservices.wdfw.wa.gov/hp/culvert-app/#aboutTab

Where; PII in the Prediction Interval limit lower, PIu is the Prediction Interval limit upper, and AESp is the Avergae Standard error of Prediction.

References;

Mastin, M.C., Konrad, C.P., Veilleux, A.G., and Tecca, A.E.,2016, Magnitude, frequency, and trends of floods at gaged and ungaged sites in Washington, based on data through water year 2014 (ver 1.1, October 2016): U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2016–5118, 70 p.

Bieger, Katrin; Rathjens, Hendrik; Allen, Peter M.; and Arnold, Jeffrey G.,2015, Development and Evaluation of Bankfull Hydraulic Geometry Relationships for the Physiographic Regions of the United States, Publications from USDA-ARS / UNL Faculty, 17p.

Castro, J.M, and Jackson, P.L.Castro, J.M, and Jackson, P.L., 2001, Bankfull Discharge Recurrence Intervals and Regional Hydraulic Geometery Relationships: Patterns in the Pacific Northwest, USA, Journal of the American Water Resources Association, Volume 37, No. 5, 14 p.

WDFW Fish Passage and Diversion Screening Inventory Database

Level A Culvert Assessment Report

Latitude: 48.190567 Longitude: -122.600867	Stream:	unnamed Race Lagoon		RIA: h Use Potential:	06 Yes	
Data Source:	Skagit Fisher	es Enhancement	Group			
Field Crew:	George;Matthews;PM		Review Date: 3	/5/2020		
Culv	ert Details			Level A	Parameters	
ID Shape Material Span	Rise Length	WDIC Apron	WSDrop Locatio	n Countersunk	Backwater	Slope (%) Sedimen
1.1 RND CST 0.85	0.85 18.60	0.05 NO	0.17 Inlet	No	No	3.08
All dimensions in meters						
Channel Description ——		A AF	WEITER	117/4	*	
Toe Width (m):		是相對為對	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	4/1/200	The state of	Se .
Average Width (m):	1.17	CANT.	1893		CY AND	
Culvert/Stream Width Ratio:	0.73	"是是是	N. C.	. / .		
Division Board				N. T	10人3	
Plunge Pool Length (m):	2.10			//		
Max Depth (m):	0.43	TO THE				
OHW Width (m):	2.40		183			1
	2.40	1 79				
Road	2.00		7	1000000		
Fill Depth (m):	2.00					
Assessment Results	Tidal Influence:	Yes	Tidegate Prese		No	_
Barrier: Unknown	Passability (%):	Unknown	Method:	Level		
Reason: Insufficient Data	Fishway Present:		Recheck:	Level		
Comments						
Tidal influence, Level T require	d					
Potential Habitat Gain						
Survey Type:		ng (sq m):		Length (m):		
Significant Reach: Unknown	Rearing	(sq m):		PI Total		

7/17/2023

WDFW Fish Passage and Diversion Screening Inventory Database

Level A Culvert Assessment Report

Latitude: 48.190567 Longitude: -122.600867	Stream: t	unnamed Race Lagoon		RIA: sh Use Potential:	06 Yes		
Data Source:	Skagit Fisheri	es Enhancement	Group				
Field Crew:	George;Matthews;PM		Review Date:	3/5/2020			
Culv	vert Details			Level A	Parameters		
ID Shape Material Span	Rise Length	WDIC Apron	WSDrop Locati	on Countersunk	Backwater	Slope (%)	Sediment
1.1 RND CST 0.85	0.85 18.60	0.05 NO	0.17 Inle	No	No	3.08	
All dimensions in meters							
Channel Description —		AND	" "	A The			
Toe Width (m):		CANAL S			14	160	
Average Width (m):	1.17	STATE A	181		C. J. Sall		
Culvert/Stream Width Ratio:	0.73	有限 於		. /			
		到一次推		15	一人生		
Plunge Pool							
Length (m):	2.10					79-1	
Max Depth (m):	0.43					1	
OHW Width (m):	2.40			4		-4/	
Road			14/		11000		
Fill Depth (m):	2.00						
				THE PART OF THE PROPERTY	Design Control		
Assessment Results	Tidal Influence:	Yes	Tidegate Pre	sent:	No		
Barrier: Unknown	Passability (%):	Unknown	Method:	Level	A		
Reason: nsufficient Data	Fishway Present:	No	Recheck:				
Comments Tidal influence, Level T require	ed						
Potential Habitat Gain							
Survey Type:	Spawnin	ng (sq m):		Length (m):			
Significant Reach: Unknown	Daniel .	(sq m):		PI Total			

7/17/2023

WDFW Fish Passage and Diversion Screening Inventory Database Image Report - Active

Site ID: 609593				
Latitude: 48.190567	Stream:	unnamed	WRIA:	06
Longitude: -122.600867	Tributary To:	Race Lagoon	Fish Use Potential:	Yes
Associated Features				
✓ Culvert	Dam	Natural Barrier	Diversion	
Non-Culvert Xing	Other	Fishway		







Image Name: 609593_2.jpg, Date/Time: 03/05/2020 10:49

7/17/2023

Correction Analysis Form	
Site Information (n	neasurements in feet)
Project Name: Island Co. Culvert Prioritization – Area 2 SF Culvert #1893	RFB Project #: 19-1343 Date: 9/24/21
Bankfull Width (outside influence of culvert): 5.9' u.s., 8.8' Ut d.s.	ilities Crossing: 🛛 Yes 🔲 No 🔲 Unknown
Road Fill at Culvert Invert: 8.9' outlet IE to road surface Ro	ad Width: 31.5' shoulder to shoulder
Road Description/Condition (mainline, spur road, driveway/acc	ess): 2 lane county road
Evaluator	Information
Evaluator Name: Tom Slocum, PE Afi	filiation: Whidbey Island Conservation District
Mailing Address: PO Box 490 Cit	ty: Coupeville State: WA Zip: 98239
	ell: 360 899-6041 E-mail: tom@skagitcd.org
Upstream Habitat	/Channel Description
Channel Slope (outside of culvert influence): 3.9% Re	e-grade Potential (streambed US – streambed DS in feet): 2.30
Dominant Substrate: ☐ Sand (<1/5") ☐ Gravel (1/5"–3") ☐	
	te Conditions or Concerns, Including Potential Re-Grade Impacts
The channel u.s. of the culvert crossing is a straightened, excave habitat features for at least 60 feet upstream of the crossing. T	ated ditch thorugh dense blackberry thicket with no in-channel the channel intersects the road ditch 5' u.s. of culvert.
Downstream Habita	at/Channel Description
Channel Slope: 1.5% (outside of culvert influence)	
Additional Downstream Information, Habitat Description, Other	r Site Conditions or Concerns:
	t crossing, then enters a less-impacted, more natural channel that all elevations were not measured. The stream is classified as Type F.
Correction Options a	nd Preferred Alternative
Options to Consider – Provide up to Three Site-Appropriate Co	rrection Alternatives.
Option 1: 60' x 14' diameter bottomless arch culver	rt, per Stream Simulation design.
Option 2: 60' x 13' x 7' high 3-sided concrete box c	
Option 3: 25' x 26' prefabricated concrete bridge	
	dation for this Site. Include any Site-Specific Concerns that Will
	on tidal elevations, may be susceptible to salt-water corrosion. ge option likely would be unfavorable to Island Count DPW due to ree of relocating water and phone utility lines, depending on the
Cost E	Estimates
Rough Cost Estimate* - Attach Detailed Cost Breakdown Using Option 1: \$368,200 Option 2: \$566,500	g the Appropriate Cost Estimate Template, Provided Separately.

Option 3: \$484,000
*This is a rough approximation of project costs; actual costs may vary depending on specifications identified during final design.

Correction Analysis Form Instructions

This will be completed for projects determined to be of potential high benefit to fish resources based on the information provided in Barrier Evaluation Form and Expanded Barrier Evaluation Form. The completed forms will be used to develop a prioritized list of projects to be presented to SRFB for potential funding.

Site Information

Project Name–This is the landowner's last name followed by the creek name. If more than one site per landowner is evaluated on the same creek, designate each site with a letter, e.g. Franklin–Boulder Creek A.

RCO/SRFB Project Number-This will be provided by PRISM database.

Bankfull Width—The stream width measured perpendicular to flow at the stage at which water begins to overflow into the active flood plain. Bankfull width requires a floodplain or a bench not present in many channels. In those cases, use ordinary high water. O ordinary high water is where the regular stream flow makes a line on the bank marking soil or vegetation with a character distinct from that of the abutting upland. Also defined as the lowest point at which perennial vegetation grows on the stream bank. Enter the average of several bankfull width measurements taken up and/or downstream of the culvert, outside the influence of the culvert.

Utilities Crossing–Include any water, gas, phone or electrical utilities at the crossing to be affected by project construction.

Road Fill at Downstream End-Measure height of material from top of culvert to top of fill at downstream end.

Road Width-Measurement should include shoulders.

Road Description/Condition-Provide a brief description of the road surface, use, condition, etc.

Evaluator Information

Provide contact information for the people completing the Correction Analysis Form.

Upstream Habitat and Channel Description

Channel Slope-This is measured outside of the culvert influence.

Re-grade Potential—Subtract the downstream streambed elevation from the upstream streambed elevation at the site.

Dominant Substrate-Identify the size category most prominent in the substrate.

Additional Information–Provide any additional upstream information that may be important to the project.

Downstream Habitat and Channel Description

Channel Slope-This is measured outside of the culvert influence.

Additional Information–Provide any additional upstream information that may be important to the project.

Correction Options and Preferred Alternative

Options to Consider–The purpose of this section is to provide the sponsor some guidance on the intended fix. Most small forest landowner projects should be relatively straightforward; however each site is different.

Preferred Alternative—Describe the recommended correction and site-specific concerns to be addressed during design and construction.

Cost Estimates

Rough cost estimate–Provide estimated costs for correction options listed above. Costs should be based on cost estimate templates, provided separately, for culverts, bottomless arch culverts, and bridges. Attach the corresponding completed template for each estimate. These represent approximate costs; actual costs may vary depending on specifications identified during final project design.

nie us 1	1000	_		_	N FIELD F	T		1	T
Site ID:1	1893	Culvert #:2	1,1	Date:3	3/5/20	-	Old ID:4		+-
SKCO ID:5		Org: ⁶	SFEG	Crew:	EM.Ja		Stream.8		
PHOTOS TA	KEN:9	US	Culv US	Channel	DS Culv	DS Channel	Road Right	Road Left	Other
				ROAD DE	SCRIPTION				
Road Surfac	e Type:10		CS (A)	GR Other	Road Widt	h (including sho	ulders): 14	3.87	meter
Temporary	Access Nee	ded? ¹¹	Yes (No	Unknown	Road Fill D	epth: ¹⁵ (B-D)	/	.95	meter
In-Road Util	ities:12	(Yes No	Unknown	US Road P	rism Depth:1	6(A-E) 2	245	meter
Overhead U	tilities/Cros	ssings:13	Yes (No	Unknown	DS Road P	rism Depth:	7 (B-F) 4	188	meter
Road Notes	18								
				CULVERT I	DESCRIPTIO	N			
Culvert Shap	oe: ¹⁹	ND BOX AR	CH SQSH	ELL Other	Length of (Culvert:28		18.63	meter
ulvert Mat			SD SST		Culvert Spa	44	95		meter
		CAL SP	_	MB Other	-	-	E. SPEN	Fon Mise	
lumber of B	Saffles: 21 (If >	0, fill out fishway	form) NA	Į.	Culvert Slo		vert ^E -DS Invert ^E) x 1		%
affle Type:	12	Concrete	Metal	Wood	Water Dep	th: ³²	25 cm		meter
		Plastic	Rock	Other	Hydraulic [17cm	, le	meter
pron? ²³		US	DS	(Ng)	Drop Locat	ion: ³⁴	Inle	`	Interio
ate? ²⁴		US	DS	(N)	Pl	unge Pool D	escription (N/A	if no Hydraulic Dr	op)
shway? ²⁵ (t)	yes, fill out fish	way form)	YES	(Ng)		l Length:35	2.1	•	meter
ountersunk	?26		YES	(No)	Maximum	Depth: ³⁶	2.43		meter
ackwatered	?27		YES	MD	Scour Line	Width.37	14		meter
FUTALLY	Rush	e culverts at site, in which the DA A	T ROTT	OM , no	inver	ts tak		म	
				CHANNEL D					
annel Widt	th: ³⁹	L 1.17	m		Culvert Spa	n ÷ Channel	Width:40 (29÷	30)	
annel Note	**	(,,,		-arrent ope	iii - Cildillici	Width. (25.	331	
			BARRI	ER STATUS ⁴	² /Circle one	halaw)			
42		Barrier Re		JIA103	(Circle one			45	
issable ⁴³	Drop >		Slope :	\sim			B Analysis Red	quired"	
	131(31) >		Slana	- 10/ /	Backwatere		e < 1% C	ulvert Width	

ID: 1893		Culvert #: / /		Date: 3 - 5 - 1014
FS	IH	BS	EL	NOTE
	101.45	1.45	100.00	BACH MINIS
3.325	17		98-138,46 3.34	45 W 30 30 00
4.46	11		96.793.46	iNIET WEE
4.17	11		97.28	DS WSE
4.23	4		77.12	
1.45	17	1.45	100.00	35
3.545	.,	, , , ,	97.905	US THE
		R FINAL MEASUREMEN	ITS HERE	
Road Shoulder: ^A		DS Road Shoulder: ⁸	1-45/,100	221-1000 BM
Culvert Top:	2.825/961		3.40/98.00	í
Culvert Invert:	RUSTED OUT	DS Culvert Invert:	RUSTED OUT	
	SCHEMA	ATIC OF CULVERT MEA	SUREMENTS	
DS Road Surface Ele:	3.05 14.18 X 3.24	Culvert Lengt		US Road Surface Ele: 100.15 US Culvert Top Ele: 95.615 US Culvert Invert Ele: 100.50
*Simpler to use inv representative of re	Slope = Note: # Hydraul ert in place of toe if this is D6 Pris	m Depth = DS Road Surface — DS	Plunge Pool WSE = 1145 - 4	1.08

Crossing Report for Race Road Small Culvert to East 1894

Project: Hydraulics and FishXing

Table 1. Project Summary for Hydraulics and FishXing

File Name	Crossing Name	Stream Name	Culvert Length	QLP	QHP	% Passable
small Race Road.xng	Race Road	unnamed	74 ft	2 cfs	8.55 cfs	100.0%

Crossing Location Information

Crossing Name: Race Road Small Culvert to East 1894

Stream Name: unnamed

Road: Race Road

Design Flows

Low Passage Flow: 2.3 cfs High Passage Flow: 8.9 cfs

Tailwater Information

Tailwater Option: Tailwater Channel Cross-Section

Channel Bottom Slope: 3%

Outlet-Pool Bottom Elevation: 13.67 ft

Table 2. Tailwater Cross Section Data.

	Station (ft)	Elevation (ft)	Roughness Coefficient
Ī	0.00	16.00	0.055
	1.00	14.00	
	8.50	14.00	
	9.50	16.00	

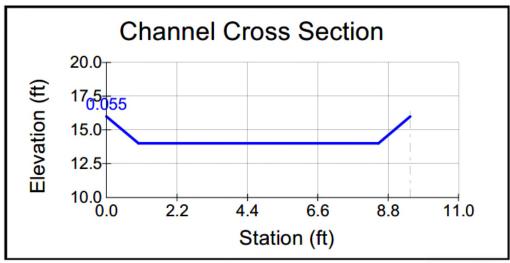


Figure 1. Channel Cross Section at Tailwater Crest.

Table 3. Tailwater Rating Table Information.

Discharge (cfs)	Tailwater Elevation (ft)	Wetted Perimeter (ft)	Cross-Sect. Area (sq. ft)	Composite Roughness Coefficient
0.0	14.0	0.00	0.00	0.000
0.7	14.1	7.72	0.75	0.055
2.4	14.2	7.95	1.52	0.055
4.6	14.3	8.17	2.29	0.055
7.4	14.4	8.39	3.08	0.055
10.6	14.5	8.62	3.87	0.055
14.3	14.6	8.84	4.68	0.055
18.4	14.7	9.07	5.49	0.055
22.9	14.8	9.29	6.32	0.055
27.7	14.9	9.51	7.15	0.055
32.8	15.0	9.74	8.00	0.055
38.3	15.1	9.96	8.85	0.055
44.1	15.2	10.18	9.72	0.055
50.2	15.3	10.41	10.59	0.055
56.5	15.4	10.63	11.48	0.055
63.2	15.5	10.85	12.37	0.055
70.1	15.6	11.08	13.28	0.055
77.3	15.7	11.30	14.19	0.055
84.8	15.8	11.52	15.12	0.055
92.5	15.9	11.75	16.06	0.055
100.5	16.0	11.97	17.00	0.055

Table 8. Culvert Profiles for 8.9 cfs.

	Profiles for Q = 8.90 cfs				
Dist Down Culvert (ft)	Depth (ft)	Velocity Average (ft/s)	Velocity Occupied (ft/s)	Swim Mode	Barrier Type
0	0.74	0.00	0.00	Prolonged	NONE
3	0.63	2.64	2.64	Prolonged	
6	0.63	2.03	2.02	Prolonged	
10	0.63	2.03	2.02	Prolonged	
14	0.63	2.03	2.02	Prolonged	
18	0.63	2.03	2.02	Prolonged	
22	0.63	2.03	2.02	Prolonged	
26	0.63	2.03	2.02	Prolonged	
30	0.64	1.99	1.98	Prolonged	
34	0.64	1.97	1.97	Prolonged	
38	0.65	1.96	1.95	Prolonged	
42	0.66	1.94	1.94	Prolonged	
46	0.66	1.92	1.91	Prolonged	
50	0.67	1.89	1.89	Prolonged	
54	0.68	1.86	1.85	Prolonged	
58	0.70	1.82	1.82	Prolonged	
62	0.71	1.78	1.78	Prolonged	
66	0.73	1.74	1.73	Prolonged	
70	0.75	1.69	1.68	Prolonged	
74	0.78	1.64	1.63		

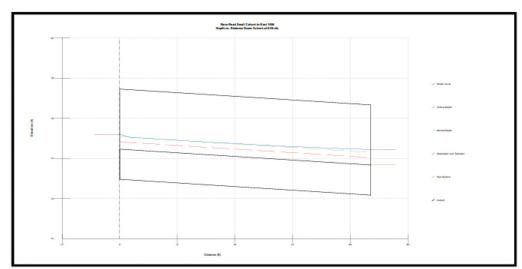


Figure 5. Water Surface Profile at 8.9 cfs

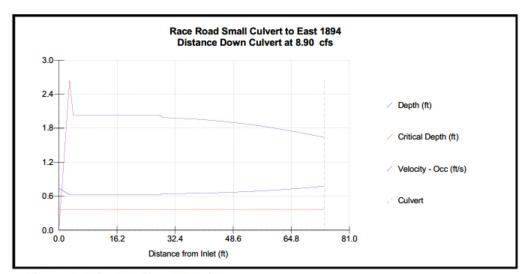


Figure 6. Culvert Profiles at 8.9 cfs

Table 9. Culvert Summary for 1 cfs.

Summary for Q =	= 1.00 cfs
Normal Depth (ft)	0.17
Critical Depth (ft)	0.09
Headwater Depth (ft)	0.19
HW/D	0.06
Inlet Velocity (ft/s)	1.11
Tailwater Depth (ft)	0.45
Outlet Water Surface Drop (fl	0.00
Prolonged Swim Time (min)	0.28
Burst Swim Time (s)	0.00
Barrier Code	Depth

Table 10. Culvert Profiles for 1 cfs.

	Profiles for Q = 1.00 cfs				
Dist Down Culvert (ft)	Depth (ft)	Velocity Average (ft/s)	Velocity Occupied (ft/s)	Swim Mode	Barrier Type
0	0.19	0.00	0.00	Prolonged	Depth
3	0.17	1.11	1.10	Prolonged	Depth
6	0.17	0.85	0.84	Prolonged	Depth
10	0.17	0.85	0.84	Prolonged	Depth
14	0.17	0.85	0.84	Prolonged	Depth
18	0.17	0.85	0.84	Prolonged	Depth
22	0.17	0.85	0.84	Prolonged	Depth
26	0.17	0.85	0.84	Prolonged	Depth
30	0.17	0.85	0.84	Prolonged	Depth
34	0.17	0.85	0.84	Prolonged	Depth
38	0.17	0.82	0.82	Prolonged	Depth
42	0.18	0.78	0.78	Prolonged	Depth
46	0.20	0.72	0.72	Prolonged	Depth
50	0.22	0.64	0.64	Prolonged	
54	0.25	0.57	0.56	Prolonged	
58	0.29	0.50	0.49	Prolonged	
62	0.32	0.44	0.44	Prolonged	
66	0.36	0.39	0.39	Prolonged	
70	0.40	0.35	0.35	Prolonged	
74	0.45	0.32	0.32	_	

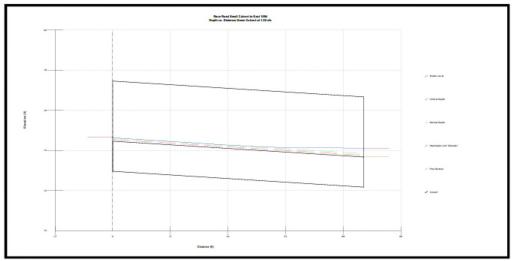


Figure 7. Water Surface Profile at 1 cfs

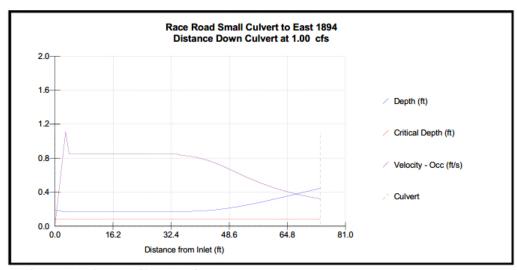


Figure 8. Culvert Profiles at 1 cfs

Table 11. Culvert Rating Table.

Q total (cfs)	Depth Min (ft)	V(occ) Max (ft/s)	Depth TW (ft)	Outlet WS Drop (ft)	Depth Pool (ft)	Barrier Type
0.00	0.00	0.00	-13.67	13.67	-13.67	Drop; Depth; Po
0.44	0.10	0.80	0.39	0.00	0.39	Depth
0.88	0.16	1.05	0.44	0.00	0.44	Depth
1.32	0.20	1.24	0.47	0.00	0.47	Depth
1.76	0.24	1.39	0.49	0.00	0.49	NONE
2.30	0.28	1.54	0.53	0.00	0.53	NONE
2.74	0.31	1.66	0.55	0.00	0.55	NONE
3.18	0.34	1.76	0.57	0.00	0.57	NONE
3.62	0.36	1.85	0.59	0.00	0.59	NONE
4.06	0.39	1.94	0.61	0.00	0.61	NONE
4.50	0.42	2.02	0.63	0.00	0.63	NONE
4.94	0.44	2.09	0.64	0.00	0.64	NONE
5.38	0.46	2.16	0.66	0.00	0.66	NONE
5.82	0.49	2.23	0.67	0.00	0.67	NONE
6.26	0.51	2.30	0.69	0.00	0.69	NONE
6.70	0.53	2.36	0.71	0.00	0.71	NONE
7.14	0.55	2.42	0.72	0.00	0.72	NONE
7.58	0.57	2.48	0.74	0.00	0.74	NONE
8.02	0.59	2.54	0.75	0.00	0.75	NONE
8.46	0.61	2.59	0.76	0.00	0.76	NONE
8.90	0.63	2.64	0.78	0.00	0.78	NONE
9.34	0.65	2.69	0.79	0.00	0.79	NONE
9.78	0.66	2.74	0.80	0.00	0.80	NONE
10.22	0.68	2.79	0.82	0.00	0.82	NONE
10.66	0.70	2.84	0.83	0.00	0.83	NONE
11.10	0.72	2.88	0.84	0.00	0.84	NONE
11.54	0.73	2.93	0.85	0.00	0.85	NONE
11.98	0.75	2.97	0.87	0.00	0.87	NONE
12.42	0.77	3.01	0.88	0.00	0.88	NONE
12.86	0.78	3.05	0.89	0.00	0.89	NONE
13.35	0.80	3.10	0.90	0.00	0.90	NONE

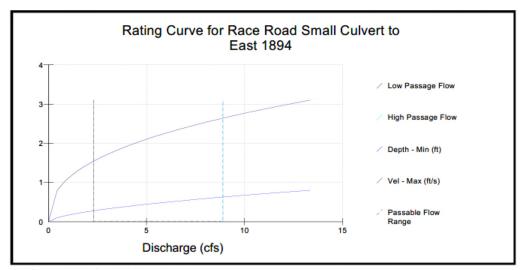


Figure 9. Culvert Rating Curve

Barrier Codes

V = Strict Velocity Barrier

EB = Fish Exhausted at Burst Speed

Long = Fish Exhausted at Prolonged Speed

Leap = Excessive leap at outlet

Drop = Excessive drop at outlet

Depth = Too shallow for substantial distance

Pool = Leap Pool too shallow

NONE = Not a barrier

Table 3. Tailwater Rating Table Information.

Discharge (cfs)	Tailwater Elevation (ft)	Wetted Perimeter (ft)	Cross-Sect. Area (sq. ft)	Composite Roughness Coefficient
0.0	14.0	0.00	0.00	0.000
0.7	14.1	7.72	0.75	0.055
2.4	14.2	7.95	1.52	0.055
4.6	14.3	8.17	2.29	0.055
7.4	14.4	8.39	3.08	0.055
10.6	14.5	8.62	3.87	0.055
14.3	14.6	8.84	4.68	0.055
18.4	14.7	9.07	5.49	0.055
22.9	14.8	9.29	6.32	0.055
27.7	14.9	9.51	7.15	0.055
32.8	15.0	9.74	8.00	0.055
38.3	15.1	9.96	8.85	0.055
44.1	15.2	10.18	9.72	0.055
50.2	15.3	10.41	10.59	0.055
56.5	15.4	10.63	11.48	0.055
63.2	15.5	10.85	12.37	0.055
70.1	15.6	11.08	13.28	0.055
77.3	15.7	11.30	14.19	0.055
84.8	15.8	11.52	15.12	0.055
92.5	15.9	11.75	16.06	0.055
100.5	16.0	11.97	17.00	0.055

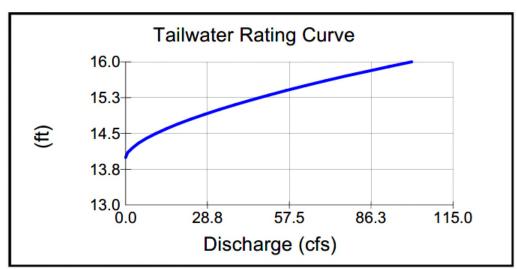


Figure 2. Tailwater Rating Curve

Table 4. Fish Passage Summary.

Fish Passage Summary				
Low Passage Design Flow	2.30 cfs			
High Passage Design Flow	8.90 cfs			
Percent of Flows Passable	100.0 %			
Passable Flow Range	2.30 to 8.90 cfs			
Depth Barrier	None			
Outlet Drop Barriers	None			
Velocity Barrier	None			
Pool Depth Barrier	None			

Table 5. Culvert Summary for 2.30 cfs.

able 3. Culvert Summary for 2.30 cls.				
Summary for Q = 2.30 cfs				
Normal Depth (ft)	0.28			
Critical Depth (ft)	0.15			
Headwater Depth (ft)	0.31			
HW/D	0.10			
Inlet Velocity (ft/s)	1.54			
Tailwater Depth (ft)	0.53			
Outlet Water Surface Drop (fl	0.00			
Prolonged Swim Time (min)	0.30			
Burst Swim Time (s)	0.00			
Barrier Code	NONE			

Table 6. Culvert Profiles for 2.30 cfs.

			Profiles fo	r Q = 2.30 cfs	
Dist Down Culvert (ft)	Depth (ft)	Velocity Average (ft/s)	Velocity Occupied (ft/s)	Swim Mode	Barrier Type
0	0.31	0.00	0.00	Prolonged	NONE
3	0.28	1.54	1.54	Prolonged	
6	0.28	1.18	1.16	Prolonged	
10	0.28	1.18	1.16	Prolonged	
14	0.28	1.18	1.16	Prolonged	
18	0.28	1.18	1.16	Prolonged	
22	0.28	1.18	1.16	Prolonged	
26	0.28	1.18	1.16	Prolonged	
30	0.28	1.18	1.16	Prolonged	
34	0.29	1.15	1.15	Prolonged	
38	0.29	1.13	1.12	Prolonged	
42	0.30	1.09	1.09	Prolonged	
46	0.31	1.05	1.04	Prolonged	
50	0.33	0.99	0.98	Prolonged	
54	0.36	0.92	0.92	Prolonged	
58	0.39	0.85	0.85	Prolonged	
62	0.42	0.79	0.78	Prolonged	
66	0.45	0.73	0.72	Prolonged	
70	0.49	0.67	0.67	Prolonged	
74	0.53	0.62	0.62		

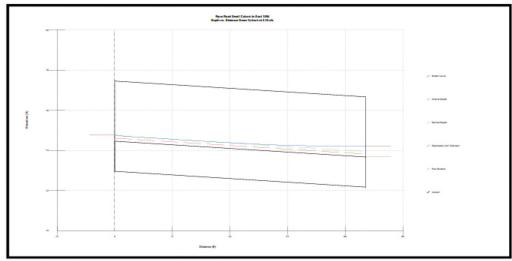


Figure 3. Water Surface Profile at 2.3 cfs

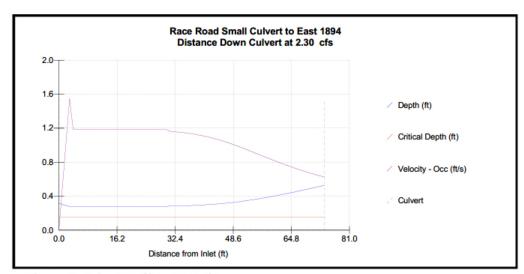


Figure 4. Culvert Profiles at 2.3 cfs

Table 7. Culvert Summary for 8.9 cfs.

Summary for Q = 8.90 cfs				
Normal Depth (ft)	0.63			
Critical Depth (ft)	0.37			
Headwater Depth (ft)	0.74			
HW/D	0.25			
Inlet Velocity (ft/s)	2.64			
Tailwater Depth (ft)	0.78			
Outlet Water Surface Drop (fl	0.00			
Prolonged Swim Time (min)	0.39			
Burst Swim Time (s)	0.00			
Barrier Code	NONE			

StreamStats https://streamstats.usgs.gov/ss/

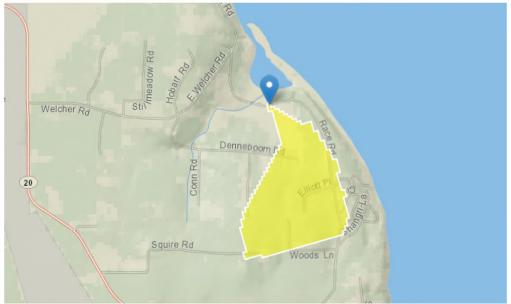
Race Road Culvert Stream Stats at 1894 SE Culvert

Region ID: WA

Workspace ID: WA20220311000053870000

Clicked Point (Latitude, Longitude): 48.19019, -122.59897

Time: 2022-03-10 16:01:20 -0800



Basin Characte	eristics		
Parameter Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit
DRNAREA	Area that drains to a point on a stream	0.28	square miles
PRECPRIS10	Basin average mean annual precipitation for 1981 to 2010 from PRISM	21.4	inches
PRECIP	Mean Annual Precipitation	20.1	inches
BSLDEM30M	Mean basin slope computed from 30 m DEM	7.95	percent
CANOPY_PCT	Percentage of drainage area covered by canopy as described in OK SIR 2009_5267	75.5	percent

StreamStats https://streamstats.usgs.gov/ss/

Parameter Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit
ELEV	Mean Basin Elevation	179	feet
ELEVMAX	Maximum basin elevation	344	feet
MINBELEV	Minimum basin elevation	26.2	feet
NFSL30	North-Facing Slopes Greater Than 30 Percent	0	percent
RELIEF	Maximum - minimum elevation	317	feet
SLOP30_30M	Percent area with slopes greater than 30 percent from 30-meter DEM.	0	percent

Peak-Flow Statistics Parameters [Pe	eak Region 3 2016 5118]
-------------------------------------	-------------------------

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	0.28	square miles	0.08	2610
PRECPRIS10	Mean Annual Precip PRISM 1981 2010	21.4	inches	33.2	168

Peak-Flow Statistics Disclaimers [Peak Region 3 2016 5118]

One or more of the parameters is outside the suggested range. Estimates were extrapolated with $\frac{1}{2}$ unknown errors

Peak-Flow Statistics Flow Report [Peak Region 3 2016 5118]

Statistic	Value	Unit
50-percent AEP flood	1.99	ft^3/s
20-percent AEP flood	3.3	ft^3/s
10-percent AEP flood	4.23	ft^3/s
4-percent AEP flood	5.49	ft^3/s
2-percent AEP flood	6.44	ft^3/s
1-percent AEP flood	7.5	ft^3/s
0.5-percent AEP flood	8.55	ft^3/s

Statistic	Value	Unit	
0.2-percent AEP flood	10.1	ft^3/s	

Peak-Flow Statistics Citations

Mastin, M.C., Konrad, C.P., Veilleux, A.G., and Tecca, A.E., 2016, Magnitude, frequency, and trends of floods at gaged and ungaged sites in Washington, based on data through water year 2014 (ver 1.1, October 2016): U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2016–5118, 70 p. (http://dx.doi.org/10.3133/sir20165118)

Low-Flow Statistics Parameters [Low Flow Western 2 var 2012 5078]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	0.28	square miles	0.1	48.9
PRECIP	Mean Annual Precipitation	20.1	inches	25.1	143

Low-Flow Statistics Disclaimers [Low Flow Western 2 var 2012 5078]

One or more of the parameters is outside the suggested range. Estimates were extrapolated with unknown errors

Low-Flow Statistics Flow Report [Low Flow Western 2 var 2012 5078]

Statistic	Value	Unit	
7 Day 10 Year Low Flow	0.00766	ft^3/s	

Low-Flow Statistics Citations

Curran, C.A., Eng, Ken, and Konrad, C.P.,2012, Analysis of low flows and selected methods for estimating low-flow characteristics at partial-record and ungaged stream sites in western Washington: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2012-5078, 46 p. (http://pubs.usgs.gov/sir/2012/5078/)

Bankfull Statistics Parameters [37.0 Percent (0.103 square miles) Pacific Mountain System D Bieger 2015]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	0.28	square miles	6.1776	8079.9147

Bankfull Statistics Parameters [37.0 Percent (0.103 square miles) Pacific Border P Bieger 2015]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	0.28	square miles	6.169878	3938.976756

Bankfull Statistics Parameters [37.0 Percent (0.103 square miles) USA Bieger 2015]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	0.28	square miles	0.07722	59927.7393

Bankfull Statistics Parameters [58.0 Percent (0.162 square miles) Pac Maritime Mtn CastroJackson 2001]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	0.28	square miles	54.8	3093

Bankfull Statistics Disclaimers [37.0 Percent (0.103 square miles) Pacific Mountain System D Bieger 2015]

One or more of the parameters is outside the suggested range. Estimates were extrapolated with unknown errors

Bankfull Statistics Flow Report [37.0 Percent (0.103 square miles) Pacific Mountain System D Bieger 2015]

Statistic	Value	Unit
Bieger_D_channel_width	7.97	ft
Bieger_D_channel_depth	0.687	ft
Bieger_D_channel_cross_sectional_area	7.59	ft^2

Bankfull Statistics Disclaimers [37.0 Percent (0.103 square miles) Pacific Border P Bieger 2015]

One or more of the parameters is outside the suggested range. Estimates were extrapolated with unknown errors

Bankfull Statistics Flow Report [37.0 Percent (0.103 square miles) Pacific Border P

Bieger 2015]

Statistic	Value	Unit
Bieger_P_channel_width	6.27	ft
Bieger_P_channel_cross_sectional_area	6.08	ft^2
Bieger_P_channel_depth	0.62	ft

Bankfull Statistics Flow Report [37.0 Percent (0.103 square miles) USA Bieger 2015]

Statistic	Value	Unit
Bieger_USA_channel_width	7.91	ft
Bieger_USA_channel_depth	0.919	ft
Bieger_USA_channel_cross_sectional_area	8.59	ft^2

Bankfull Statistics Disclaimers [58.0 Percent (0.162 square miles) Pac Maritime Mtn CastroJackson 2001]

One or more of the parameters is outside the suggested range. Estimates were extrapolated with unknown errors

Bankfull Statistics Flow Report [58.0 Percent (0.162 square miles) Pac Maritime Mtn CastroJackson 2001]

Statistic	Value	Unit	
Bankfull Width	7.17	ft	
Bankfull Depth	0.402	ft	
Bankfull Area	5.57	ft^2	
Bankfull Streamflow	38.8	ft*3/s	

Bankfull Statistics Citations

Bieger, Katrin; Rathjens, Hendrik; Allen, Peter M.; and Arnold, Jeffrey G.,2015, Development and Evaluation of Bankfull Hydraulic Geometry Relationships for the Physiographic Regions of the United States, Publications from USDA-ARS / UNL Faculty, 17p.

(https://digitalcommons.unl.edu/usdaarsfacpub

/1515?utm_source=digitalcommons.unl.edu%2Fusdaarsfacpub%2F1515&utm_medium=PDF&utm_campaign=PDFCoverPages)

Castro, J.M, and Jackson, P.L.Castro, J.M, and Jackson, P.L., 2001, Bankfull Discharge Recurrence Intervals and Regional Hydraulic Geometery Relationships: Patterns in the

Pacific Northwest, USA, Journal of the American Water Resources Association, Volume 37, No. 5, 14 p. (https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/abs/10.1111/j.1752-1688.2001.tb03636.x)

USGS Data Disclaimer: Unless otherwise stated, all data, metadata and related materials are considered to satisfy the quality standards relative to the purpose for which the data were collected. Although these data and associated metadata have been reviewed for accuracy and completeness and approved for release by the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS), no warranty expressed or implied is made regarding the display or utility of the data for other purposes, nor on all computer systems, nor shall the act of distribution constitute any such warranty.

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Application Version: 4.7.0
StreamStats Services Version: 1.2.22
NSS Services Version: 2.1.2

Flows	for design small 1	894 east		
Values From Streamstats	cfs			
	Return Year	Value		
	2	1.99		
	5	3.3		
	10	4.23		
	25	5.49		
	50	6.44		
	100	7.55		
	200	8.55		
	500	10.1		
Bieger BFW, feet	7.97 feet			
Climate change Factors ¹				
Υ	ear factors	In	creased Va	lues
	2040	2080	2040	2080
% increase in BFW Flow (2 year)	9.9	14.7	2.2	2.3 cfs
% increase in BFW Width	4.7	6.9	8.3	8.5 feet
% increase in 100 year Flood	8.8	17.7	8.2	8.9 cfs

Where; PII in the Prediction Interval limit lower, PIu is the Prediction Interval limit upper, and AESp is the Avergae Standard error of Prediction.

References;

Mastin, M.C., Konrad, C.P., Veilleux, A.G., and Tecca, A.E.,2016, Magnitude, frequency, and trends of floods at gaged and ungaged sites in Washington, based on data through water year 2014 (ver 1.1, October 2016): U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2016–5118, 70 p.

Bieger, Katrin; Rathjens, Hendrik; Allen, Peter M.; and Arnold, Jeffrey G.,2015, Development and Evaluation of Bankfull Hydraulic Geometry Relationships for the Physiographic Regions of the United States, Publications from USDA-ARS / UNL Faculty, 17p.

Castro, J.M, and Jackson, P.L.Castro, J.M, and Jackson, P.L., 2001, Bankfull Discharge Recurrence Intervals and Regional Hydraulic Geometery Relationships: Patterns in the Pacific Northwest, USA, Journal of the American Water Resources Association, Volume 37, No. 5, 14 p.

¹ WDFW, web-based analysis. Culverts and Climate Change, changes in bank full width and flow rates in culverts in Washington state. Developed in conjunction with University of Washington 2021. https://geodataservices.wdfw.wa.gov/hp/culvert-app/#aboutTab

Future Projections for Climate-Adapted Culvert Design

Project Name:

Race Road

Street Name:

Race Road

Culvert coordinates: 48.1904, -122.5995

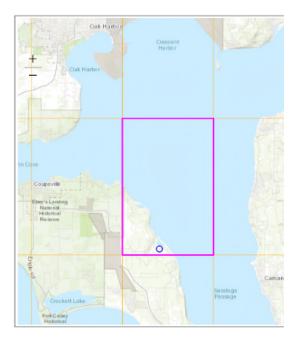
Grid ID 48.21875_-122.59375

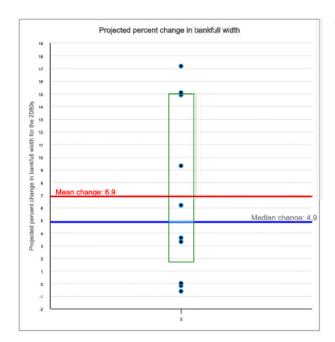
Ecoregion Pacific Maritime Mountains

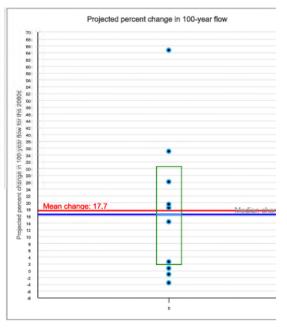
Projected mean percent change in bankfull flow:
2040s: 9.9% 2080s: 14.7%

Projected mean percent change in bankfull width:
2040s: 4.7% 2080s: 6.9%

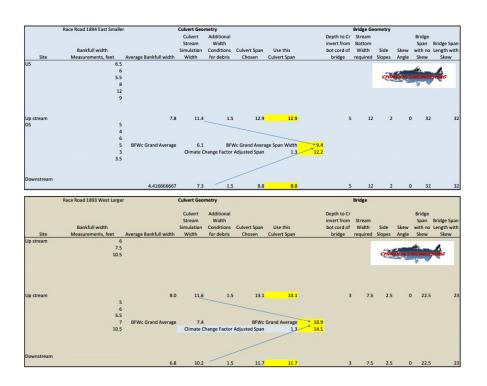
Projected mean percent change in 100-year flood:
2040s: 8.8% 2080s: 17.7%







The Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife makes no guarantee concerning the data's content, accuracy, precision, or completeness. WDFW makes no warranty of fitness for a particular purpose and assumes no liability for the data represented here.





Fish Passage & Diversion Screening Inventory Database Report Cover Sheet

The following report is extracted from the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife's (WDFW) Fish Passage and Diversion Screening Inventory Database (FPDSI). WDFW makes every attempt to keep these reports in sync with FPDSI; however, the dynamic nature of the data and workflows associated with maintaining the database may result in short-term differences.

Users are encouraged to contact WDFW to discuss appropriate use of the data and how we can assist with fish passage barrier removal or inventory. Please visit the Fish Passage web site for contact information at: https://wdfw.wa.gov/species-habitats/habitat-recovery/fish-passage/about

Disclaimers:

- Data presented here represent a snapshot observation of conditions in a dynamic environment
 that is subject to change. Fish passage data are also collected from a variety of agencies and
 sources. Therefore, WDFW makes no guarantee concerning the data's content, accuracy,
 completeness, or the results obtained from use of the data. WDFW assumes no liability for the
 data represented here.
- These data are not an attempt to provide you with an official agency response as to the impacts
 of your project on fish and wildlife.
- Note that some fish passage features, habitats or species may occur in areas not currently
 known to the WDFW Fish Passage division, and may not be reflected in this database. A lack of
 data does not necessarily indicate that a feature, habitat, or species are not present.
- · Unauthorized attempts to alter or modify these data are strictly prohibited.
- Bankfull width measurements included in these reports should not be used for fish passage crossing design. They are solely for assessment purposes.
- The barrier status reported in this document is based on the swimming abilities of adult salmonids. Passabilities are a qualitative value, and should not be interpreted as a quantitative calculation. Please see page 1-4 of the Fish Passage Inventory, Assessment and Prioritization Manual for further clarification: https://wdfw.wa.gov/publications/02061
- EXIF data presented with Image Reports may be erroneous due to camera battery failures and resetting of camera clock functions.

Abbreviations:

Most abbreviations in this report are defined in the Quick Reference Tables of the Fish Passage Inventory, Assessment, and Prioritization Manual. Additional commonly used abbreviations are defined as follows:

NFB = no potential salmonid use, BB = both banks, LB = left bank looking downstream, RB = right bank looking downstream, US or U/S = upstream, DS or D/S = downstream, WSDrop = water surface drop, BFW = bankfull width, OHW = ordinary high water, SLW = scour line width, CMP = corrugated metal pipe, Q_{4p} = fish passage flow, V&D = Velocity and Depth, ROW = Right of Way

The FPDSI database often uses default values such as '-99.99' or '-999' to represent null values.

WDFW Fish Passage and Diversion Screening Inventory Database

Site Description Report Site ID 609594 Mitigated Project **Geographic Coordinates** Waterbody Latitude (WGS 84): 48.1903825 Stream: unnamed Longitude (WGS 84): -122.5995231 Tributary To: Race Lagoon East (NAD 83 HARN): WRIA: 1,128,179.5 River Mile: -999.99 North (NAD 83 HARN) 1,048,858.0 Fish Use Potential: Unknown FUP Criteria: **General Location** Road Name: Race Rd Owner Mile Post: -999.99 Type: County County: Island Name: Island County WDFW Region: 4 PI Species Sockeye Chinook Sea Run Cutthroat Pink Coho Resident Trout Steelhead ☐ Bull Trout Chum **Associated Features** Diversion Dam Natural Barrier Culvert ■ Non-Culvert Xing Other Fishway Location/Directions **Site Comments**

7/17/2023

These data represent a snapshot of the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife's current records. Due to the ongoing nature of assessment and inventory of these features, these data may not accurately represent conditions on the ground, and are subject to change.

WDFW Fish Passage and Diversion Screening Inventory Database

Level A Culvert Assessment Report

Longitude: -122.5995231	Tributary To:	Race Lagoon		Fish Use Potential:	Unknown		
Data Source:	Skagit Fishe	ries Enhancement	Group				
Field Crew:	Matthews;JJ;PM		Review Date:	2/27/2020			
Culv	ert Details			Level A	Parameters		
ID Shape Material Span	Rise Length	WDIC Apron	WSDrop Loc	ation Countersunk	Backwater	Slope (%)	Sediment
1.1 RND CST 0.50	0.55 23.10	0.10 NO	0.00	No	No	0.97	
All dimensions in meters							
Channel Description —			1	11/4			
Toe Width (m):		1	当例	Cha X			
Average Width (m):	1.80		活化画	How I'm			
Culvert/Stream Width Ratio:	0.28	No.			X.		
		W G				2.5	
Plunge Pool							
Length (m):	0.00						
Max Depth (m):	-99.99	A STATE OF THE STA					
OHW Width (m):	-999.99					×	
OHW Width (m):	-999.99						
	1.10						
Road Fill Depth (m):		7.					
Road Fill Depth (m): Assessment Results	1.10		Tidegate P	resent:	No		
Road Fill Depth (m): Assessment Results	1.10		Tidegate P Method:	Level			
Road Fill Depth (m): Assessment Results Barrier: Unknown	1.10	Unknown					
Road Fill Depth (m): Assessment Results Barrier: Unknown Reason: evel B Require	1.10 Tidal Influence: Passability (%):	Unknown	Method:	Level			
Road Fill Depth (m): Assessment Results Barrier: Unknown Reason: evel B Require	1.10 Tidal Influence: Passability (%):	Unknown	Method:	Level			
Road Fill Depth (m): Assessment Results Barrier: Unknown Reason: evel B Require	1.10 Tidal Influence: Passability (%):	Unknown	Method:	Level			
Road Fill Depth (m): Assessment Results Barrier: Unknown	1.10 Tidal Influence: Passability (%):	Unknown	Method:	Level			
Road Fill Depth (m): Assessment Results Barrier: Unknown Reason: evel B Require	1.10 Tidal Influence: Passability (%): Fishway Presen	Unknown	Method:	Level			

7/17/2023

These data represent a snapshot of the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife's current records. Due to the ongoing nature of assessment and inventory of these features, these data may not accurately represent conditions on the ground, and are subject to change.

WDFW Fish Passage and Diversion Screening Inventory Database Image Report - Active

Site ID: 609594				
Latitude: 48.1903825	Stream:	unnamed	WRIA:	06
Longitude: -122.5995231	Tributary To:	Race Lagoon	Fish Use Potential:	Unknow
Associated Features				
✓ Culvert	Dam	Natural Barrier	Diversion	
Non-Culvert Xing	Other	Fishway		



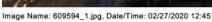




Image Name: 609594_2.jpg, Date/Time: 02/27/2020 12:41

7/17/2023

These data represent a snapshot of the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife's current records. Due to the ongoing nature of assessment and inventory of these features, these data may not accurately represent conditions on the ground, and are subject to change.

Correction Analysis Form					
Site Info	rmation (measurements in	feet)			
Project Name: Island Co. Culvert Prioritization – Are Culvert #1894	ea 2 SRFB Project #: 19-1	1343 Date: 9/24/21	1		
Bankfull Width (outside influence of culvert): 3.3' u.s. d.s.	., 4.6' Utilities Crossing: 🔀	Yes No Unknown			
Road Fill at Culvert Invert: 5.2' outlet IE to road surfa	ace Road Width: 27' shou	lder to shoulder			
Road Description/Condition (mainline, spur road, dr	iveway/access): 2 lane county	road			
	Evaluator Information				
Evaluator Name: Tom Slocum, PE	Affiliation: Whidbey	Island Conservation Distr	ict		
Mailing Address: PO Box 490	City: Coupeville	State: WA	Zip: 98239		
Telephone: FAX:	Cell: 360 899-6041	E-mail: tom@skagit	cd.org		
Upstrea	m Habitat/Channel Descrip	otion			
Channel Slope (outside of culvert influence): 0.8%	Re-grade Potential (s	treambed US – streambed	DS in feet): 0.9		
Dominant Substrate: Sand (<1/5") Gravel (1	/5"-3") Cobble (3"-12")	☐ Boulder (>12") ☐ Be	drock		
Additional Upstream Information, Habitat Description Relative to Channel Stability And Habitat:	on, Other Site Conditions or Co	oncerns, Including Potentia	l Re-Grade Impacts		
Straightened, excavated channel thorugh dense ros road ditch 5' u.s. of culvert.	e bush and hawthorne thickets	s with no in-channel habita	t features. Intersects		
Downstream Habitat/Channel Description					
Channel Slope: 3.7% (outside of culvert influence)					
Additional Downstream Information, Habitat Description, Other Site Conditions or Concerns:					
Excavated channel for 28 feet d.s. of culvert, where two, 12" diam. CPP culverts across a private access lane create a passage barrier. Tidal elevation was not measured. Stream is classified improbably as Type F. See the profile drawing.					
Correction Options and Preferred Alternative					
Options to Consider – Provide up to Three Site-Appropriate Correction Alternatives,					
Option 1: 60 LF x 7-ft diameter pipe arch culvert per No Slope design					
Option 2: 60 LF x 7.5-ft diameter bottomless arch culvert per No Slope design					
Option 3: 60 LF x 7-ft wide x 4-ft high concrete box culvert, per No Slope design					
Preferred Alternative - Provide a 1- or 2-paragraph Recommendation for this Site. Include any Site-Specific Concerns that Will Need to be Addressed During Design and Construction:					
Option 1 is simplest to construct, but depending on tidal elevations, may be susceptible to salt-water corrosion. Tidal elevations need to be determined to verify this. If salt water corrosion will be excssive, then Option 3 (concrete box culvert) would be the preferred alternative. All options may require some degree of relocating water and phone utility lines, depending on the locations (be be determined).					
Cost Estimates					
Rough Cost Estimate* - Attach Detailed Cost Breakdown Using the Appropriate Cost Estimate Template, Provided Separately.					
Option 1: \$271,900					
Option 2: \$279,500					

Option 3: \$340,000

*This is a rough approximation of project costs; actual costs may vary depending on specifications identified during final design.

		CUI	VERT E	ALUATIO	N FIELD FORM (LEV	/EL A)		
Site ID:1	1894	Culvert #:2	1.1	Date:3	2/27/20	Old ID:4		
SKCO ID:5		Org:6	SFEG	Crew:7	6W'EW'77	Stream.8		
PHOTOS TA	KEN:9		Culv US	Channe	DS Culv DS Channel	Road Right	Road Left	Other
				ROAD DE	SCRIPTION			
Road Surfac	ce Type:10		CS (A)	GR Other	Road Width (including sho	ulders):14 22.	IS 8-10	meters
Temporary	Access Ne	eded? ¹¹	Yes No	Unknown	Road Fill Depth: 15 (B-D)	1.078		meters
In-Road Uti	ilities:12		Yes No	Unknown	US Road Prism Depth:	6(A-E) 1.485	5	meters
Overhead L	Jtilities/Cro	ossings: ¹³	Yes No	Unknown	DS Road Prism Depth:1	7(B-F) 1.53	8	meters
Road Notes	s: 18 POWER	box near ro	ad					
				CULVERT I	DESCRIPTION			
Culvert Sha	pe: ¹⁹	RND BOX AR	CH SQSH	ELL Other	Length of Culvert: 28	2.25 23.	.14	meters
Culvert Mat	terial: ²⁰	PCC CPC (ST SST		MD 1	46 0.50		meters
		CAL SP			Rise of Culvert:30 (),	55		meters
		f > 0, fill out fishway	form)	NA		vert ^e -DS Invert ^e Length ²⁸ x 100	0.97	%
Baffle Type	:22	Concrete	Metal	Wood		.105		meters
		Plastic	Rock	Other	Hydraulic Drop: ³³	0.0		meters
Apron? ²³		US	DS	(No)	Drop Location:34	A Inlet	Outlet	Interior
Gate? ²⁴ US DS No Plunge Pool Description (N/A if no Hydraulic Drop)					p)			
Fishway? ²⁵		fishway form)	YES	(No)	Plunge Pool Length:35			meters
Countersun	nk? ²⁶		YES	No	Maximum Depth: ³⁶			meters
Backwatere	ed? ²⁷		YES	No	Scour Line Width: ³⁷		-1 - 2	meters
Culvert Notes:38 (If multiple culverts at site. Indicate defining features of each) Land ower says some crossing 230 waters private culvert DS GNSS 10cation: 48,19024460,-122,59939769 North of Peak US reign bor is Engineer @ Penn Core Shell fish Os neighbor 2 Rod Schevencel (360)804-7664 RodScherencel@amail.con								
CHANNEL DESCRIPTION								
Channel Wi	idth:39 Spo	in 1.1m Br	-W1.8	7	Culvert Span ÷ Channel	Width:40 (29÷3	9)	
Channel No								
		BARK!	BARI	RIER STATUS	(Circle one below)			
Passable ⁴³		Barrier R			Level B Analysis Required 45			
		> .24 M	Slope	e >= 1%	Backwatered Slop	e < 1% Cul	vert Width <	75%
Barrier Note	es: ⁴⁶ S	lope is	0/05	e to	Level A k	Darner	Criteri	CA

Site ID: 1894			Culvert #: / .		Date: 2/27/20
FS		IH	BS	EL	NOTE
	101.	38	1.38	100.00	Benchmark (US Rood
2.865				98,515	US bed
3.045	-1		Statistics or and a second	98.335	DS WS.E
3.15	818			98.23	DS hed .
	101.	38	1.38	100.00	Close benchmark
	1.55		The second secon		1
			EOGN COST MINN		
J. 7004	The sales		aborton Lauri o		
(3196)					
neter			uchieni -	100	
2 1 1					A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH
redon.	1		10000		
	0.		R FINAL MEASUREMEN		99.813
US Road Shoulder: ^A	1.3.8	00.00	DS Road Shoulder:	1.38 1.567	100.00
US Culvert Top:	2.42	1	DS Culvert Top: ^D	2.645	98.735
US Culvert Invert:	— See	notes	DS Culvert Invert: ^F	3.105	98,275
		SCHEMA	TIC OF CULVERT MEAS	22.25m 23.14	Sign Asign (A)
DS Read Surface Ele: DS Culvert Top Ele: DS WSE @ Culvert: DS Culvert Invert Ele: DS Plunge Pool WSE: DS Fee Ele:	8.335	8.735	USE colvert WSE plus of C	2 - 98.735 popul	S Roed Surface Ele: 100.00 US Culvert Top Ele: 98.96 IS Culvert Invert Ele:
	Ser- 1	Note: // c	uivert is countersure, use bed elevativ	22.25 2 3.14 Q009 7 ons to calculate slope Q009 7 ungo Pool WSE = 48.335 - 98	

LEVEL B HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS FIELD FORM (3/18/2019)

1Site ID						
² Culvert Number		2/12/120				
5Datum Elevation 100.00 4Date 2/27/20						
Datum Location US road (white mark)			-		
Datam Education						
⁷ CU	LVERT MEA	ASUREMEN	TS			
•	IH	RH	VD -/+	ELEV		
Upstream Invert	101.38	(see notes)				
Upstream Culvert Bed		2.865		98.515		
Downstream Invert	3.105			98.275		
Downstream Culvert Bed		3.15		98.23		
IH = Instrument Height; RH = Rod	Height; VD = V	ertical Distance	(for equipment	that measures		
incline); ELEV = Elevation (relativ	e to Datum Elev	vation). Formula	s on reverse si	de.		
8Culvert Roughness □	concrete	□ smooth	□ paved i	nvert		
corrugation: # 0.5" x 2	corrugation: ■ 0.5" x 2.67" □ 1" x 3" □ 2" x 6" □ other					
°Sediment Through Length of Pipe? ☐ yes ☒ no ☐ unknown						
Occiment Throught 2019 and the part of the						
10DOWNSTR	EAN CONT	DOL CDOS	RECTION			
we ten's	RH VD -			WSE SUB		
Top LB 3-0.00 101.38	2,59	98 79		WSL SOD		
Toe LB 0.68 1	3.045	98.185	0.04 98	.325		
Bed 1 0.88	3.155	98,125	09000998			
Bed 2 1.09	3.160	98.120		.32		
Bed 3 1.28	3.11	98.285		.325		
Toe RB 1.47	3.085	98.29 🛭	0.04 98	. 33		
Top RB 2.05	2.87	98.51)		
¹ºAvg. WSE <u>0.323m</u>						
STA = Station; DEP = Water Depth; WSE = Water Surface Elevation; SUB = Dominant Substrate (F = Fines, C = Gravels/Cobbles/Bedrock, B = Boulders, W = Wood)						
Substrate (F = Fines, C = Graves				W/05		
12Water Surface	IH	RH	VD -/+	WSE		
Downstream of X-Section	n; 101.38	3.265		98-115		
13 Distance from X-section 7.7 m						
is another culvert						
CVIVCI T						

Correction Analysis Form Instructions

This will be completed for projects determined to be of potential high benefit to fish resources based on the information provided in Barrier Evaluation Form and Expanded Barrier Evaluation Form. The completed forms will be used to develop a prioritized list of projects to be presented to SRFB for potential funding.

Site Information

Project Name—This is the landowner's last name followed by the creek name. If more than one site per landowner is evaluated on the same creek, designate each site with a letter, e.g. Franklin–Boulder Creek A.

RCO/SRFB Project Number-This will be provided by PRISM database.

Bankfull Width—The stream width measured perpendicular to flow at the stage at which water begins to overflow into the active flood plain. Bankfull width requires a floodplain or a bench not present in many channels. In those cases, use ordinary high water. O ordinary high water is where the regular stream flow makes a line on the bank marking soil or vegetation with a character distinct from that of the abutting upland. Also defined as the lowest point at which perennial vegetation grows on the stream bank. Enter the average of several bankfull width measurements taken up and/or downstream of the culvert, outside the influence of the culvert.

Utilities Crossing–Include any water, gas, phone or electrical utilities at the crossing to be affected by project construction.

Road Fill at Downstream End-Measure height of material from top of culvert to top of fill at downstream end.

Road Width-Measurement should include shoulders.

Road Description/Condition-Provide a brief description of the road surface, use, condition, etc.

Evaluator Information

Provide contact information for the people completing the Correction Analysis Form.

Upstream Habitat and Channel Description

Channel Slope-This is measured outside of the culvert influence.

Re-grade Potential—Subtract the downstream streambed elevation from the upstream streambed elevation at the site.

Dominant Substrate-Identify the size category most prominent in the substrate.

Additional Information–Provide any additional upstream information that may be important to the project.

Downstream Habitat and Channel Description

Channel Slope-This is measured outside of the culvert influence.

Additional Information–Provide any additional upstream information that may be important to the project.

Correction Options and Preferred Alternative

Options to Consider–The purpose of this section is to provide the sponsor some guidance on the intended fix. Most small forest landowner projects should be relatively straightforward; however each site is different.

Preferred Alternative–Describe the recommended correction and site-specific concerns to be addressed during design and construction.

Cost Estimates

Rough cost estimate–Provide estimated costs for correction options listed above. Costs should be based on cost estimate templates, provided separately, for culverts, bottomless arch culverts, and bridges. Attach the corresponding completed template for each estimate. These represent approximate costs; actual costs may vary depending on specifications identified during final project design.

SITE IDENTIFICATION FIELD FORM (1/15/09)

1Site ID:1894	_ GPS Position Taken:
² Latitude: 48,19024460	*Longitude: - 122, 59939769
⁴Identifying Group: SFEG	_ Froad Name: Race Rd
⁶ Milepost:	_ County: Island County
8Location/Directions: Take +	HWY ZO SOUTH, TURN
Left on W Welch	Mr. Rd. Turn Right
on BACE Bd. Q.3, in	iles
9Stream Name: WDFW reach code 11Tributary To: Race Lagan	17/10019- 10WRIA#: 6
11 Tributary To: Race Lagar	2 River Mile:
¹³ Fish Use Potential: □Yes □No	□Unknown
¹⁴ Fish Use Criteria: □Mapped □P	hysical □Biological □Other
15Species: □Chinook □Chum □	Sockeye Coho Pink Steelhead
	/Rainbow Trout Searun Cutthroat
□Bull/Dolly Varden T	rout
16Feature Type: ©Culvert □Fishw	vay □Dam □Gravity Diversion
	on Culvert Crossing Natural Barrier
¹⁷ Site Comments:	•
18OWNER	INFORMATION
Type: Federal State County	□City □Tribal □Private □Other
	County
Street Address:	/
Mailing Address:	
	State: Zip:
Phone #:	
Contact Name & Phone#:	

Appendix C: Field Forms
Fish Passage Barrier and Surface Water Diversion Screening and Prioritization Manual

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Appendix B Conceptual Alternative I	Designs

